$1 \times 20 = 20$ 

## PART-B : Descriptive

Time: 2 hrs. 40 min. Marks: 50

## [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1.	Define Human Rights. Briefly explain its characteristics.	3+7=10
2.	Define Disability as per PWD Act, 1995. Highlight the key features of the Act.	2+8=10
3.	Define dowry. Briefly explain the major provisions under the Dowry Prohibition Act.	2+8=10
4.	Briefly explain about the major provisions under Sexual Harassment at Workplace Act.	10
5.	Write a note about Fundamental Rights mentioned in Indian constitution.	10
6.	What are the functions of police? Write a note on FIR and BAIL.	5+5=10
7.	Write short notes on :  a. LokAdalat  b. Legal Aid	5+5=10
8.	Write short notes on role of NGOs in promotion of Human Rights and Social Justice.	10

a. E

MASTER of SOCIAL WORK
SECOND SEMESTER
HUMAN RIGHTS, PARA LEGAL EDUCATION AND SWP
MSW - 204
(Use Separate Answer Scripts for Objective & Descriptive)

Duration: 3 hrs. Full Marks: 70

[PART-A: Objective]

Time: 20 min. Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1. Where was the Universal Declaration adopted

a. Londonb. New Yorkc. Parisd. Zurich

2. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights is applicable to

a. Every citizens of third world countries

b. Citizens of UN member countries

 Each individual, regardless of gender, race, religion or cultural background

3. A \_\_\_\_\_\_ offence is one in which the police may arrest a person without warrant.

a. cognizable offence

b. non cognizable offence

d. None of the above

c. General offence

d. all the above

4. Purpose of law is to

a. To maintain Orderc. To preserve freedom

b. To Protect rights d. All the above

\_\_\_\_can be described as a system of rules and regulations which a country or society recognizes as binding on its citizens, which the authorities may enforce, and violation of which attracts punitive action.

a. Administration

b. Law

c. Constitution

d. None of the above

6. The person with disability (equal opportunities, full protection of rights and participation) Act assented by the President of India on 1st January

a. 1993c. 1995

b. 1994 d. 1996

7. Which of the following constitute domestic violence under The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act 2005

a. Elderly abuse

b. Economic abuse

c. Drug abuse

d. Child abuse

== \*\*\* = =

	and Protection) Act, 2015 the following children			
are kept in the Special Homes	F. N. J J. 1911	16. Magna Carta was adopted in		
a. Children in conflict with law	b. Neglected children	a. 1215	b. 1216	
c. Abused children	d. Street children	c. 1217	d. 1218	
9. Which of the following sets of Articles of Indian Constitution deal with Fundamental Rights?		17. Social legislation attempt to  a. Provide justice as well as security	b. Anticipate social need	
a. Article 12 to 35	b. Article 15 to 32			
c. Article 19 to 40	d. Article 15 to 39	c. Provide for change in social order	d. All the above	
<ul><li>10. Which one of the following categories of Fundamental Rights incorporates 'Abolition of Untouchability'?</li><li>a. Right to freedom of religion</li><li>b. Right to equality</li></ul>		<ul><li>18. National human rights commission is cons</li><li>a. President of India</li><li>c. The Central Govt.</li></ul>	b. Prime Minister of India d. None of the above	
c. Right to freedom  d. Right against exploitation  19. According to The Child Labour (Prohibition permitted or required to work between			on and Regulation) Act, 1986, no child shall be	
11. The provisions contained in sha		a. 6 p.m. and 7 a.m.	b. 7 p.m. and 8 a.m.	
principles therein laid down are nevert	heless fundamental in the governance of the	c. 8 p.m. and 9 a.m.	d. None of the above	
country and it shall be the duty of the S	State to apply these principles in making laws.			
a. Part II	b. Part III	20. According to the Maintenance and Welfare of Parents and senior Citizen Act, 2009		
c. Part IV	d. Part V	maintenance include		
		a. Food, clothing, residence and medical	b. Food, clothing and residence	
12. In which Article, the Indian Constitution		attendance and treatment		
a. Article 38	b. Article 37A	c. Medical treatment only	d. All the above	
c. Article 39A	d. Article 39			
13. Who among the following is eligible for				
a. Victims of mass disaster	b. Persons in custody			
c. Victims of Trafficking in Human be	ings d. All of the above			
14. Right to Information Act was enforced	in the year			
a. 2007	b. 2005			
c. 2003	d. 2001			
15. National Legal Service Authority is a				
a. Non-governmental organization	b. Governmental organization			
c. Constitutional body	d. Statutory body			

[3]

P.T.O.

[2]