

**Master of Social Work  
Third Semester  
Psychosocial Perspectives in Community Development  
(MSW-5314)**

Duration: 3Hrs.

Full Marks: 70

**(PART-B: Descriptive)**

Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

**1. Write a short note on any four of the following:**

**4×5= 20**

- a) Psycho-social perspective.
- b) Community development
- c) Community organization
- d) System theory
- e) Social capital
- f) Functional community with an example
- g) Explain Culture and Shared Meanings Approaches

**2. Answer any two**

**2×15= 30**

- a) Discuss the usefulness of understanding psychosocial perspective in community development with examples from your field work. **10+5= 15**  
Or
- b) Explain basic principles of community development. Specify a few key elements for successful community development. **10+5= 15**
- c) Explain briefly the various stages of community development.  
Or
- d) Explain in detail the Perkins' Model of community development.

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**PART A: Objective**

**Duration: 20 minutes**

**Marks – 20**

**Choose the appropriate Answer for the following questions**

**1x20=20**

- 1 Psychology is the study of --
  - a) Man and his lifestyle
  - b) Behavior and mental processes
  - c) Art and culture
  - d) Society
2. Psycho-social aspect means --
  - a) Economic activities
  - b) Political activities
  - c) Learning capabilities
  - d) Individual and societal elements.
3. Social perception is based on --
  - a) Information we obtain about a community
  - b) What we propose to do
  - c) What is spent for a community
  - d) What are the basic needs of an individual.
4. Intra-psyhic means --
  - a) Factors from outside
  - b) Relationships between individuals
  - c) Individual factors
  - d) Societal factors
5. Interpersonal means --
  - a) Environmental issues
  - b) Relationships between individuals
  - c) Individual factors
  - d) Societal factors
6. Community is a group of individuals having --
  - a) Similar faces
  - b) Similar dresses
  - c) Shared values
  - d) individual values
7. Social capital includes --
  - a) Foods available
  - b) Social networks
  - c) Raw materials
  - d) Banks
8. Community building is --
  - a) A type of community development
  - b) Not required for community development
  - c) An important step for community development
  - d) Required only for tribal development.
9. Community organization means --
  - a) Organizations in a community,
  - b) Organizing the community
  - c) Organizations working for a community
  - d) National Organizations.

10. Perkins' model of community development includes –  
 a) Renewal                      b) Revise                      c) Redistribution              d) Distribution.
11. .... Is a stage of community development  
 a) Assets                      b) community preparedness    c) social capital              d) Location.
12. PRA stands for –  
 a) People's Research and Action                      b) Participation in Rural Activities  
 c) Participatory Rural Appraisal                      d) People for Rural Areas
13. PLA stands for –  
 a) Participatory Leadership Appraisal                      b) People's Learning & Action  
 c) Participatory Learning Appraisal                      d) People's Liberation Army
14. Community development is the --  
 a) Ability of communities to collectively make better decisions about the use of resources such as infrastructure, labour and knowledge.  
 b) Spending by the government for development of communities.  
 c) Spending by NGOs for development of communities.  
 d) Initiatives taken up by political parties for development of communities.
15. RRA is a technique related to study –  
 a) Individuals                      b) Groups                      c) Communities              d) None.
16. Choose the correct one –  
 a) Community development includes economic and social development  
 b) Economic development includes community development  
 c) Political development includes community development  
 d) Social development includes community development
17. ----- is an example of geographic community  
 a) Hindus                      b) Christians                      c) Doctors                      d) Kamrup (Rural)
18. ----- is an example of functional community  
 a) Students' Union                      b) Assamese                      c) Khasis                      d) Muslims
19. Community development should take care of –  
 a) Individual interests                      b) Interests of elite section  
 c) Interests of community leaders                      d) Interests of all.
20. The main reason behind the formation of rural factions is-  
 (a) Political reason                      (b) Social reason  
 (c) Economic reason                      (d) Cultural reason

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