

**LLB**  
**Third Semester**  
**INDIAN PENAL CODE**  
**(LLB - 301)**

**Duration: 3Hrs.**

**Full Marks: 80**

Part-A (Objective) =30  
Part-B (Descriptive) =50

**(PART-B: Descriptive)**

**Duration: 2 hrs. 30 mins.**

**Marks: 50**

**Answer the following questions:**

1. Define murder. Give the difference between murder and culpable homicide not amounting to murder. (5+5=10)  
Or  
Explain Mens Rea. Give the statutory applicability of mens rea. (5+5=10)
2. What is right of private defence? Give the law relating to right to private defence. (2+8=10)  
Or  
Ignorance of fact is an excuse but ignorance of law is no excuse. Explain the above statement with illustrations. (10)
3. Explain the laws relating to Offences against the state. (10)  
Or  
Explain the law relating to abetment. Distinguish between abetment and criminal conspiracy. (5+5=10)
4. Explain the law relating to Offences of marriages with special reference to section 498A or Indian Penal Code. (6+4=10)  
Or  
What do you mean by common intention and common object? Explain the law of joint liability. (4+6=10)
5. Explain false evidence under section 191 of Indian Penal Code. Explain the law given under section 192 of IPC. (5+5=10)  
Or  
Explain the relevant provisions of Defamation discussing relevant judicial pronouncements. (10)

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**Duration: 30 minutes**

**Marks – 30**

**(PART A- Objective Type)**

**I. Choose the correct answer:**

**1×10=10**

1. Mens rea means.....
  - a. Good mind
  - b. Bad mind
  - c. Guilty mind
  - d. Innocent mind
  
2. Rigorous Imprisonment means.....
  - a. With fine
  - b. With hard labour
  - c. Simple punishment
  - d. All of the above
  
3. In India a child below..... of age is considered to be doli incapax.
  - a. 6 years
  - b. 14 years
  - c. 7 years
  - d. 10 years
  
4. The offence of dacoity cannot be committed by less than.....
  - a. 3 persons
  - b. 5 persons
  - c. 4 persons
  - d. 2 persons
  
5. A joins an insurrection against the government of india. A has committed the offence of.....
  - a. Waging war against government of India.
  - b. Sedition
  - c. Criminal conspiracy
  - d. All of the above
  
6. In which section of the Indian Penal Code the definition of Forgery is provided?
  - a. 463
  - b. 464
  - c. 420
  - d. 415

7. Which of the following offences is defined by Section 498-A of Indian Penal Code?  
a. Dowry death.  
b. Rape.  
c. Indecent Representation.  
d. Cruelty by husband or relatives of husband
8. Punishment for rioting is.....  
a. Two years or with fine or both.  
b. Seven years or with fine or both.  
c. Only two years.
9. A puts Jewels into a box belonging to Z, with the intention that they may be found in the box and that this circumstance may cause Z to be convicted of theft A has committed the offence of.....  
a. Fabricating forgery  
b. Fabricating cheating  
c. Fabricating false evidence  
d. All of the above
10. Criminal intimidation is defined in section .....of Indian Penal Code.  
a.503            b.506            c.171-B            d.172-A

**II. Answer the following short questions:**

**2×10=20**

1. Give two difference between kidnapping and Abduction.
2. What do you mean by wrongful restrain and wrongful Confinement?
3. Give two differences between Theft and Extortion.
4. What do you mean by criminal misappropriation of property?

5. What is Abetment?

6. What do you mean by counterfeiting?

7. What do you mean by Dowry Death Under section 304-B of Indian Penal Code?

8. What do you mean by unlawful assembly?

9. What do you mean by Vicarious Liability?

10. What is criminal intimidation?

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