

**MASTER OF SOCIAL WORK**  
**Third Semester**  
**Psycho-Social Perspectives in Community (Optional)**  
**(MSW - 14)**

**Duration: 3Hrs.**

**Full Marks: 70**

**Part-A (Objective) =20**

**Part-B (Descriptive)=50**

**(PART-B: Descriptive)**

**Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.**

**Marks: 50**

**1. Write a short note on *any five* questions**

**2×5=10**

- a) Define rural community.
- b) Define community organization.
- c) What is community mobilization?
- d) Define community empowerment.
- e) What is community awareness?
- f) Define PRA.
- g) What is RRA?

**2. Answer the following questions (any *five*)**

**5×3=15**

- a) Define community as a social system.
- b) Difference between urban and tribal community.
- c) What is community dynamics?
- d) What is community participation?
- e) What is community resource mobilization?
- f) What is community programme planning?
- g) Explain the importance of community power structure.

**3. Answer the following questions in details (any *five*)**

**5×5=25**

- a) Explain the various perspectives of community.
- b) Explain the process of community participation.
- c) Define community power structure.
- d) What is community development? Explain the objectives of community development.
- e) Explain the various strategies of community resource mobilization.
- f) Difference between community development and community organization.
- g) Explain the process of community programme planning.

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*(The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions)*

**Duration: 20 minutes**

**Marks – 20**

**PART A- Objective Type**

**1. All the questions are compulsory.**

**20×1=20**

1. Examining the broad social context in which people live is essential to sociological perspective. **True/false**

2. Community is a changing set of relationship. **True/false**

3. Economic perspective means:

- i. The study of production and distribution of material    ii. Service available    iii. Study of resource available

4. The best type of community leadership is

- i. Bureaucratic    ii. Delegative    iii Autocratic    iv. Democratic

5. PLA can be used in identifying needs, monitoring or evaluation of projects **True/false**

6. Mapping activities are used as introductory activities **True/false**

7. Time line help to record changes in a community **True/false**

8. Tribe is derived from tribus a Sanskrit word **True/false**

9. Community development and community organization are same. **True/false**

10. Community development is one of the social work methods. **True/false**

11. A tribe is usually considered as an economically dependent group of people. **True/false**

12. Community development programme was started in the year:

- i. 1952    ii. 1954    iii 1956    iv 1955

13. Slums are characterized by:

- i. Authorize land owner      ii. Adequate housing      iii Unsafe environment

14. Effective resource mobilization planning requires "A statement of the problem".

**True/false**

15. Transect walks are not a type of mapping activity.

**True/false**

16. In programme planning situational analysis is the first step.

**True/false**

17. A community is a cultural organism.

**True/false**

18. Situational analysis is not include:

- i. Getting data      ii. Analyzing data  
iii Set priorities      iv Determine outcomes

19. Programme evaluation does not include:

- i. Progress      ii. Relevance  
iii Impact      iv Resources available

20. NRHM is a community development programme.

**True/false**

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