

MA EDUCATION  
FOURTH SEMESTER  
ABNORMAL PSYCHOLOGY  
MAE – 404A

( Use Separate Answer Scripts for Objective & Descriptive )

Duration : 3 hrs.

Full Marks : 70

( PART-A: Objective )

Time : 20 min.

Marks : 20

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

*1X20=20*

1. The main characteristic of abnormal person is
  - a. Feeble minded
  - b. Anti-social behavior
  - c. Dynamic personality
  - d. Unique personality
2. Mental symptoms of abnormal behaviors are concerned with
  - a. Abnormalities of the cognitive process
  - b. Abnormalities of the physical process
  - c. Abnormalities of the conative process
  - d. Abnormalities of the affective process
3. Irrational and very specific fears that persist even when there is no real danger to a person are called
  - a. Anxieties
  - b. Disassociations
  - c. Phobias
  - d. Obsessions
4. The term schizophrenia can be interpreted to mean
  - a. The same thing in dissociative reaction
  - b. Having more than one personality
  - c. That a person is insane
  - d. A split between thought and emotion
5. Frustration defines
  - a. Satisfaction of needs
  - b. Emotional tension resulting from the blocking of a need
  - c. External obstacles
  - d. Dissatisfaction of motives
6. Obsessive-compulsive disorders involve
  - a. Loss of contact with reality
  - b. Unresolved anger
  - c. Unresolved oedipal conflict
  - d. High level of anxiety
7. Phobias, obsessive-compulsive disorder and panic are formally classified as ..... disorders
  - a. Psychotic
  - b. Manic
  - c. Anxiety
  - d. Mood
8. Schizophrenia is most commonly found in
  - a. Adolescents
  - b. Young adults
  - c. The middle aged
  - d. The elderly

9. The antisocial personality is one who
- Is irresponsible and seems to lack remorse
  - Is frequently dangerous and out of contact with reality
  - Is always a delinquent or criminal
  - Benefits greatly from humanistic and psychoanalytic therapies
10. A person is drug addict because of
- Habit of drug taking
  - Irresistible urge to take the drug and increase the dose
  - Irritable behavior, uncoordinated actions and emotional detachment
  - Traumatic behavior
11. Alcohol produces
- Drug dependence
  - Cancer of pancreas
  - Cirrhosis of liver
  - Gall bladder stone
12. A drunken person should not drive a vehicle because alcohol
- Increases reaction time
  - Affects coordination of body parts, alertness and judgment
  - Causes rashness and carelessness
  - All of the above
13. The antisocial personality
- Avoids other people as much as possible
  - Is relatively easy to treat effectively by psychotherapy
  - Tends to be selfish and lacking remorse
  - Usually gives a bad first impression
14. Delusion thinking is characteristic of
- Fatigue
  - Obsessive-compulsive disorder
  - Conversion disorder
  - Psychosis
15. Characteristic symptoms in induced psychotic disorder is
- Accepting delusions of other person
  - Insomnia
  - Suicidal ideation
  - Profound mood disturbance
16. Psychoanalysis is an attempt to explain what
- Normal psychological functioning
  - Abnormal psychological functioning
  - Normal and abnormal
  - Childhood ideation
17. Which is not the Freudian stage of development
- Latency
  - Oral
  - Phallic
  - Repression
18. Syndromes means
- Cluster of symptoms
  - Complex symptoms
  - Sign of some mental disorder
  - Same meaning as symptoms

19. Statistical approaches to abnormality define as 'Abnormal' those who
- a. Show evidence of loss of contact with reality
  - b. Are unhappy, withdrawn and depressed
  - c. Deviate from typical or average patterns of behavior
  - d. Are disabled by anxiety
20. Idiot, imbecile and morons are under
- a. Physical deficiency
  - b. Mental deficiency
  - c. Social deficiency
  - d. Emotional deficiency
- - - - -

**( PART-B : Descriptive )**

Time : 2 hrs. 40 min.

Marks : 50

**[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]**

1. What do you mean by abnormal behavior of a person? Discuss the general causes of abnormality. 5+5=10
2. Define frustration. Mention the direct and indirect reactions toward frustrations. 4+6=10
3. What do you mean by obsession? How it effects in a compulsive behavior of an individual? Discuss the main causes of obsessive compulsive disorder. 2+3+5  
=10
4. How can you identify a schizophrenic person? Discuss some treatment procedure for them. 6+4=10
5. What are the main causes of alcoholism? Explain some ways to deal with the problem of alcoholism. 5+5=10
6. Define phobias. Discuss different types of phobias. 5+5=10
7. Discuss the nature of crime. What are the basic causes of crime? How can we provide treatment to them? 3+4+3  
=10
8. Write short notes on (*any two*) 5+5=10
  - a. Hallucination
  - b. Delusion
  - c. Mental mechanism

= = \*\*\* = =