

**MA EDUCATION  
FOURTH SEMESTER  
DEVELOPMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY  
MAE - 404B**

( Use Separate Answer Scripts for Objective & Descriptive )

**Duration: 3 hrs.**

**Full Marks: 70**

**Time: 20 min.**

**( PART-A: Objective )**

**Marks: 20**

**Choose the correct answer from the following:**

**$1 \times 20 = 20$**

1. The process of becoming mature refers especially to growth and development of
  - a. Physical system
  - b. Nervous system
  - c. Anatomy system
  - d. None of the above
2. The process which involves in both types of changes-structure and function is a definition given by A.T Jersild and others for
  - a. Maturation
  - b. Growth
  - c. Development
  - d. Both Growth and Development
3. The term growth generally refers to
  - a. Qualitative
  - b. Quantitative
  - c. Advancement
  - d. None of the above
4. Rate of-----is distinct and unique
  - a. Growth
  - b. Development
  - c. Maturation
  - d. Both growth and development
5. Maturation characterized the basis
  - a. Balancing
  - b. Learning
  - c. Physical growth
  - d. None of the above
6. Which is the shortest of all developmental stage?
  - a. Babyhood
  - b. Infancy
  - c. Childhood
  - d. Adolescence
7. 'Milestone' is another word used for
  - a. Growth
  - b. Developmental Task
  - c. Maturity
  - d. None of the above
8. Prenatal period last for
  - a. 20 weeks
  - b. 30 weeks
  - c. 40 weeks
  - d. 42 weeks
9. Babyhood is also known as
  - a. Infancy
  - b. Toddlerhood
  - c. Childhood
  - d. None of the above

10. There is considerable immaturity of the central nervous system during
- a. Prenatal period
  - b. Neonatal period
  - c. Infancy period
  - d. Childhood period
11. Puberty is the process of physical changes through which a child's body matures into an adult body capable of ...
- a. Male organs
  - b. Female reproduction
  - c. Sexual Reproduction
  - d. hormonal Changes
12. The World Health Organization (WHO) defines an adolescent as any person between ages .....
- a. Ages 10 and 19.
  - b. Ages 12 and 19.
  - c. Ages 11 and 19.
  - d. Ages 13 and 19.
13. Adolescent developmental domains are intertwined and strongly influenced by
- a. Heredity and environment
  - b. Experience and Environment
  - c. Surroundings
  - d. None
14. Each child is born with a ....which is shaped by the environment in which the child is brought up.
- a. own interest
  - b. unique characteristics
  - c. unique traits
  - d. unique personality
15. The role of..... children does not solely fall on one entity but it is the combined influence of parents, schools and teachers.
- a. Moulding
  - b. Rearing
  - c. Nurturing
  - d. All
16. Which of the following childhood disorder improves with increase in age
- a. Conduct disorder
  - b. Emotional problems
  - c. Temper tantrum
  - d. Sleep disorder
17. A normal infant sits briefly leaning forward on her hands, reaches for and grasps a cube and transfers it from hand to hand. She babbles but cannot wave bye-bye nor can she grasp objectives with the finger and thumb. Her age is
- a. 4 months
  - b. 7 months
  - c. 10 months
  - d. 14 months
18. Head control is possible in an infant by \_\_\_\_ months
- a. 1
  - b. 2
  - c. 3
  - d. 6
19. A child can copy a circle first at
- a. 2 years of age
  - b. one and half year
  - c. 4 years
  - d. 3 years
20. A child can walk up and down the stairs alternating his feet by
- a. 12 months
  - b. 24 months
  - c. 36 months
  - d. 48 months
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## PART-B : Descriptive

**Time : 2 hrs, 40 min.**

**Marks : 50**

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

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| 1. What is Growth and Development? Discuss their characteristics respectively.                     | $4+6=10$ |
| 2. What is Maturation? Illustrate the difference between maturation and growth with examples.      | $3+7=10$ |
| 3. What is the role of family relationships in infancy and babyhood?                               | 10       |
| 4. Write short notes on<br>a. Longitudinal and<br>b. Cross sectional research                      | $5+5=10$ |
| 5. Describe about the characteristics and developmental task of adolescence .                      | 10       |
| 6. 'Adolescence is a period of transition'. Justify the statement.                                 | 10       |
| 7. "Childhood is a period of rapid growth and development". Justify the statement citing examples. | 10       |
| 8. Why is early childhood more critical than later childhood?<br>Explain with concrete examples    | 10       |

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