

BA POLITICAL SCIENCE
THIRD SEMESTER (SPECIAL REPEAT)
INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT
BPS-301

(Use separate answer scripts for Objective & Descriptive)

Duration : 3 hrs.

Full Marks : 70

[PART-A : Objective]

Time : 20 min.

Marks : 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1X20=20

1. Who gave the title "Mahatma" to Gandhi?
 - a. Rabindra Nath Tagore
 - b. Dr. Rajendra Prasad
 - c. Jawaharlal Nehru
 - d. M. N Roy
2. Who wrote the book 'Inspiring Thoughts'?
 - a. Swami Vivekananda
 - b. Karl Marx
 - c. Mahatma Gandhi
 - d. John Rawls
3. Who is regarded as the father of the modern political thought in India?
 - a. Raja Rammohan Roy
 - b. Swami Vivekananda
 - c. Mahatma Gandhi
 - d. Tulsidas
4. Who is known as "Lokamanya"?
 - a. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
 - b. Bhisma
 - c. Swami Vivekanand
 - d. Aristotle
5. Gandhiji's "The Story of My Experiments with Truth" was originally written in Gujarati. Who translated it into English?
 - a. Maganlal Gandhi
 - b. Mahadev Desai
 - c. Pyarelalji
 - d. Sushila Nayyar
6. In which year Jawaharlal Nehru was elected Congress president for the first time?
 - a. 1929
 - b. 1919
 - c. 1980
 - d. 1942
7. Who among the following is the chief architect of Swadeshi Movement?
 - a. Aurobindo Ghosh
 - b. MK Gandhi
 - c. Lokmanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak
 - d. Bipin Chandra Pal
8. Who moved Objective Resolution in the Constituent Assembly?
 - a. Jawaharlal Nehru
 - b. Swami Vivekanand
 - c. Rabindra Nath Tagore
 - d. Mahatma Gandhi
9. Which of the following, according to Gandhiji, is an essential principle of Satyagrah?
 - a. Infinite capacity for suffering
 - b. Non violence
 - c. Truth
 - d. All the three
10. Book written by Raja Rammohan Roy:
 - a. Vedanta
 - b. Indian Tradition
 - c. Indian Democracy
 - d. Dharma
11. Manu's social structure created _____ classes of people.
 - a. One
 - b. Two
 - c. Three
 - d. Four

12. Who established the first school for Untouchables?
a. Jyotiba Phule
b. Raja Ram Mohan Roy
c. Mahatma Gandhi
d. Swami Vivekananda
13. "Brahmo Samaj" was founded by:
a. Manu
b. Kautilya
c. Swami Vivekananda
d. Raja Ram Mohan Roy
14. _____ is known as an architect of Secularism.
a. Mahatma Gandhi
b. Jawaharlal Nehru
c. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
d. Sri Aurobindo Ghosh
15. The teachings of Buddhism is based on:
a. Four noble truths and seven fold paths
b. Three noble truths and eight fold paths
c. Four noble truths and eight fold paths
d. The noble truths and seven fold paths
16. Islamic/Sharis laws are based on:
a. Quran
b. Hadith
c. Quran and Hadith both
d. None of the above
17. Saptanga theory of State is provided by:
a. Kautilya
b. Manu
c. Aristotle
d. Socrates
18. Who was the Guru of Swami Vivekananda?
a. Sri Ram Krishna Paramhansa
b. Sri Ram Teertha
c. Swami Gurudas
d. None of these
19. At which place was Gandhiji born?
a. Porbandar
b. Rajkot
c. Ahmedabad
d. Delhi
20. The idea of the Constitution of India was first of all given by:
a. Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
b. Jawaharlal Nehru
c. Shri M. N. Roy
d. Mahatma Gandhi
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(PART-B : Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 40 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Discuss about the M. K Gandhi's view on 'Swaraj'. 10
2. "M. N. Roy was a great champion of the philosophy of Marxism. But later he lost faith in Marxism and changed his ideology". Discuss his interpretation of Marxism in the light of the above statement. 10
3. What is Swaraj? Discuss the idea of Swaraj stated by Bal Gangadhar Tilak. 3+7=10
4. Critically examine the concept of 'right' advocated by Raja Rammohan Roy. 10
5. Write a brief description on the concept of 'Secularism' stated by Jawaharlal Nehru. 10
6. Discuss Jyotiba Phule's views on Religion and Caste. 5+5=10
7. Examine the Manu's concept of Social Laws. 10
8. Evaluate the Theory of State as propounded by Kautilya. 10

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