

MA ENGLISH
First Semester
ENGLISH POETRY I: CHAUCER TO JOHNSON
(MEN - 102)

Duration: 3Hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Part-A (Objective) =20
Part-B (Descriptive) =50

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

Answer any *five* of the following questions:

1. Explain the term epic simile. Discuss John Milton's *Paradise Lost*, Book I as an epic. (2+8=10)
2. What was the purpose or occasion behind Dryden writing *A Song for St. Cecilia's Day*? Validate Dryden's position by illustrating the idea of harmony in the poem. (2+8=10)
3. "Each pilgrim represented in the Prologue to *The Canterbury Tales* is at once a fully realized individual of his class or his profession." Discuss. (10)
4. Illustrate how William Shakespeare represents the themes of – Love and Time – in his poetry with reference to the sonnets prescribed in your syllabus. (5+5=10)
5. What is metaphysical conceit? Name three metaphysical poets. Briefly describe the use of conceits in any one of the poems written by a metaphysical poet prescribed in your syllabus. (2+3+5=10)
6. Define the term allegory. What are the allegorical elements seen in Spenser's *The Cave of Mammon*? (10)
7. Write short notes on the following: (5+5=10)
 - a. Carpe-diem poetry
 - b. Shakespearean sonnet

8. Explain with reference to the context (any two):

(5+5=10)

- a. *With Age, with Cares, with Maladies oppress'd,/He seeks the Refuge of Monastic Rest./Grief aids Disease, remember'd Folly stings,/And his last Sighs reproach the Faith of Kings.*
- b. *O stay, three lives in one flea spare,/ Where we almost, yea, more than married are. /This flea is you and I,/ and this Our marriage bed, and marriage temple is.*
- c. *Of Man's First Disobedience, and the fruit/ Of that forbidden tree, whose mortal taste/ Brought death into the world, and all our woe.*
- d. *Of Engellond, to Canterbury they wende,/ The hooly blissful martir for to seke,/ That hem hath holpen whan that they were seeke.*

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Duration: 20 minutes

Marks – 20

(PART A - Objective Type)

I. Choose the correct answer:

1×5=5

1. In which of the following poems do we find a reference to the *Seven Sleepers' Den*?
 - a. To his Coy Mistress
 - b. The Good Morrow
 - c. The Cave of Mammon
 - d. The Flea
2. How did Chaucer's Pardoner make a living?
 - a. By selling stolen cattle from the neighbourhood.
 - b. By selling papal indulgences to those who committed sin.
 - c. By pardoning those who stole property or committed other sins.
 - d. By assisting the Friar in the Church services.
3. Who does Alexander Pope refer to in the following lines? *Born to No Pride; Inheriting no strife,/ Nor marrying discord in a noble wife,/ Stranger to civil and religious rage,/ The good man walked innoxious through his age.*
 - a. Pope himself
 - b. Dr. Arbuthnot
 - c. The Duke of Marlborough
 - d. Pope's father
4. In which of the following, is there a reference to Democritus?
 - a. The Cave of Mammon
 - b. An Epistle to Dr. Arbuthnot
 - c. The Vanity of Human Wishes
 - d. Prologue to The Canterbury Tales
5. During his journey to Canterbury, the Knight was accompanied by-
 - a. Squire
 - b. Both Squire and Yeoman
 - c. Yeoman
 - d. None of the above

II. Fill in the blanks:

1×5=5

1. There are mainly two types of allegory: political allegory and _____ allegory.
2. _____ had a gold brooch on which was written *Amor Vincit Omnia*.
3. In The Cave of Mammon, Mammon asks Guyon to marry _____.
4. The word epistle means _____.
5. The tomb of _____ is in Canterbury.

III. Write true or false:

1×5=5

1. John Dryden's *A Song for St. Cecilia's Ode* is based upon Pythagorean Theorem.
(True/False)
2. The narrative in an epic such as *Paradise Lost I* usually begins *in medias res* (in the middle of things).
(True/False)
3. *Paradise Lost* was published in the year 1657.
(True/False)
4. Guyon meets Mammon inside a cave.
(True/False)
5. Lord Harvey is satirized as Sporus by Alexander Pope in *An Epistle to Dr. Arbuthnot*.
(True/False)

IV. Match the following:

1×5=5

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Geoffrey Chaucer | A. <i>The Rape of the Lock</i> |
| 2. William Shakespeare | B. 1621- 78 |
| 3. Alexander Pope | C. <i>abab cdcd efef gg</i> |
| 4. Andrew Marvell | D. <i>House of Fame</i> |
| 5. Edmund Spenser | E. <i>abab bcbc cdcd ee</i> |
