

**BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATION
SECOND SEMESTER (SPECIAL REPEAT)
DATA STRUCTURE THROUGH C
BCA-201**

(Use Separate Answer Scripts for Objective & Descriptive)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

[PART-A: Objective]

Time: 20 min.

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

- In a Stack, if a user tries to remove an element from empty stack, it is called ____
 - Underflow
 - Empty Collection
 - Overflow
 - Garbage Collection
- Pushing an element into stack already having five elements and stack size of 5, then stack becomes ____
 - Overflow
 - Crash
 - Underflow
 - Userflow
- The postfix form of the expression $(A+B)*(C*D-E)*F/G$ is
 - $AB+CD*E-FG/**$
 - $AB+CD*E-F**G/$
 - $AB+CD*E-*F*G/$
 - None of the above
- The result of evaluating the postfix expression $5,4,6,+,*,4,9,3,/,+,*$ is
 - 600
 - 350
 - 650
 - None of the above
- Consider the following operation performed on a stack of size 5
Push(1);
Pop();
Push(2);
Push(3);
Pop();
Push(4);
Pop();
Pop();
Push(5);
After the completion of all operation, the number of elements present in stack are
 - 1
 - 2
 - 3
 - 4
- A linear list of elements in which deletion can be done from one end(front) and insertion can take place only at the other end(rear) is known as a ?
 - Queue
 - Stack
 - Tree
 - Linked list

7. If the element "A","B","C" and "D" are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time in which order they be removed?
- ABCD
 - DCBA
 - DCAB
 - ABDC
8. Which of the following is not the type of queue?
- Ordinary queue
 - Single ended queue
 - Circular queue
 - Priority queue
9. Consider the following definition in C language
- ```
struct node
{
 int data;
 struct node *next;
}
typedef struct node NODE;
NODE *pt;
```
- Which of the following C code is used to create new node?
- `ptr=(NODE *)malloc(sizeof(NODE));`
  - `ptr=(NODE *)malloc(NODE);`
  - `ptr=(NODE *)malloc(NODE *);`
  - None of the above
10. In a circular queue, how do we increment the rear end of the queue?
- `rear ++`
  - `(rear+1)%MAX_SIZE`
  - `(rear % MAX_SIZE)+1`
  - None of the above
11. What is a dequeue?
- A queue with insert/delete defined for both front and rear ends of the queue
  - A queue implemented with a doubly linked list
  - A queue implemented with both singly and doubly linked lists
  - None of the above
12. Binary trees can have how many children?
- 2
  - Any number of children
  - 0 or 1 or 2
  - 0 or 1
13. Which of the following is false about a Binary Search Tree?
- The left child is always lesser than its parent
  - The right child is always greater than its parent
  - The left and right sub-tree should also be in BST
  - None of the above
14. A graph having an edge from each vertex to every other vertex is called a \_\_\_\_\_
- Tightly connected
  - Weakly connected
  - Loosely connected
  - None of the above
15. A pivot element to partition unsorted list is used in
- Merge sort
  - Quick sort
  - Insertion sort
  - Selection sort

16. Which of the following searching techniques require the data to be in sorted form
- a. Binary search
  - b. Linear search
  - c. All of the above
  - d. None of the above
17. How many swaps are required to sort the given array using bubble sort: {2,5,1,3,4}
- a. 5
  - b. 4
  - c. 6
  - d. 7
18. Which of the following is non-linear data structure?
- a. Stacks
  - b. List
  - c. Strings
  - d. Trees
19. In the \_\_\_\_ traversal we process all of a vertex's descendents before we move to an adjacent vertex,
- a. Depth First
  - b. Breadth First
  - c. With First
  - d. Depth Limited
20. Visiting root node after visiting left and right sub-tree is called
- a. In-order traversal
  - b. Pre-order traversal
  - c. Post-order traversal
  - d. None of the above

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**PART-B : Descriptive**

Time : 2 hrs. 40 min.

Marks : 50

*[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]*

1. Explain the different types of queues. Discuss the Delete operation for a normal queue. 7+3=10
2. Explain tree traversal technique with example. Define Binary tree, Strictly Binary tree, Complete Binary tree and Binary Search tree. 6+4=10
3. What are the basic searching technique? Write a C program to search for an item using Binary Search? 4+6 =10
4. What is Depth First and Breadth First traversal? Explain Kruskal's algorithm to find minimum spanning tree with suitable examples. 4+6=10
5. Convert the following expression to postfix expression using stack 10  
$$A-B+(M^N)*(O+P)-Q/R^S*T+Z$$
6. a. Write the function to insert an item in the particular position in singly linked list? 5+5 =10  
b. What is doubly linked list and Circular linked list?
7. Explain Selection sort with proper example and program. 5+5=10
8. Convert the following infix expression to postfix 5+5 =10
  - a.  $a-b/(c+d*e)$
  - b.  $((a+b)*c-(d-e))/(f+g)$

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