

BSW
FIFTH SEMESTER (SPECIAL REPEAT)
LAW AND SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE
BSW – 504

(Use Separate Answer Scripts for Objective & Descriptive)

Duration : 3 hrs.

Full Marks : 70

Time : 20 min.

(PART-A: Objective)

Marks : 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1x20=20

1. In the Indian Constitution, as per Fundamental Rights, Abolition of Untouchability is a
 - a. Right to Equality
 - b. Right to Freedom of Religion
 - c. Right against Exploitation
 - d. Right to Constitutional Remedy
2. Under which article of the Indian Constitution have the citizens been given Fundamental Rights?
 - a. Article 12 to 15
 - b. Article 12 to 35
 - c. Article 226 to 235
 - d. None of the above
3. The Panchayati Raj Institutions are established as per constitutional direction of
 - a. Fundamental Rights
 - b. Fundamental Duties
 - c. Directive Principles of State Policy
 - d. None of the above
4. Which part of the Constitution of India is related to Directive Principles of State Policy?
 - a. Part iv
 - b. Part iv A
 - c. Part v
 - d. Part vi
5. In which country did the concept of Public Interest Litigation originated
 - a. United State of America
 - b. South Africa
 - c. England
 - d. None of the above
6. The RTI application is addressed to
 - a. Chief Minister of the respective state
 - b. Prime Minister of India
 - c. President of India
 - d. Public Information Officer
7. The matter related to the police is in the
 - a. Union List
 - b. State List
 - c. Concurrent List
 - d. All of the above
8. What is the full form of AFSPA?
 - a. Armed Forces (Special Powers) Act,1958
 - b. Armed Forces (Special Paramilitary) Act, 1958
 - c. Armed Forces (Strategic Powers) Act, 1958
 - d. None of the above

9. Which of the following played an important role in International Human Rights law?
 - a. World War
 - b. Economic Summit
 - c. The United Nations
 - d. Treaty of Baskerville
10. Person with Disabilities Act, 1995 made provision for inclusion of in schools
 - a. Playground
 - b. Mid-day Meals
 - c. Facility of Ramps
 - d. Health Check-up
11. An offence committed by a child below 15 years of age shall be tried by
 - a. Children's court
 - b. Juvenile Justice Board
 - c. Magistrate Court
 - d. Child Welfare Committee
12. Which of the following article of the constitution of India provides for equal pay for equal work for both men and women?
 - a. Article 39 (C)
 - b. Article 39 (d)
 - c. Article 39 (b)
 - d. Article 39 (a)
13. Punishment for Dowry Death is
 - a. Death Penalty
 - b. Imprisonment not less than 7 years & may extend to life
 - c. Imprisonment upto 10 years & fine upto Rs. 50,000
 - d. No imprisonment, only fine
14. The only International Organization specifically aiming to protect rights of child:
 - a. WHO
 - b. UNICEF
 - c. UNESCO
 - d. ILO
15. The custom of 'Sati' was first banned in 1929 due to the efforts by
 - a. Mahatama Gandhi
 - b. Indira Gandhi
 - c. Raja Ram Mohon Roy
 - d. None of the above
16. Rape is a
 - a. Non-bailable offence
 - b. Bailable Offence
 - c. Capital Offence
 - d. None of the above
17. Right to Property is
 - a. Legal Right
 - b. Fundamental Right
 - c. Human Right
 - d. All of the above
18. Human Rights Day is observed on
 - a. 10th October
 - b. 1st December
 - c. 10th December
 - d. 15th November

(PART-B : Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 40 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. What is law? Why it is needed in our society? Explain the application of laws in social work profession. 2+3+5
2. Social legislation are responsible for change Indian Society. Explain. 10
3. What is F.I.R? Write the procedures of filling a F.I.R. 2+8
4. Explain in your own understanding the concept of social inequality. And also discuss the causes of social inequality in India. 2+4+4
5. Write the differences between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy. 2+8
6. What are Human rights? Write the characteristics of Human Rights. 2+8
7. Discuss the various provisions under AFSPA, 1958. 10

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