

**LLB**  
**SECOND SEMESTER**  
**FAMILY LAW - II**  
**LLB - 205**

(USE SEPARATE ANSWER SCRIPTS FOR OBJECTIVE & DESCRIPTIVE)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 20 min.

( PART-A: Objective )

Marks: 20

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

*1×20=20*

1. Muslims are governed by
  - a. Quran
  - b. Shariat
  - c. Both a and b
  - d. None of the above
2. The hadith reports
  - a. Tell about what Muhammad said and did
  - b. Were collected by those closest to Muhammad
  - c. Were compiled in several authoritative collections
  - d. All the above
3. The chapters of the Qur'an are known as
  - a. Surahs
  - b. Sufis
  - c. Sunnahs
  - d. Shariah
4. The word Hajj means
  - a. To strive or struggle
  - b. Pilgrimage
  - c. Fasting
  - d. Prophecy
5. A marriage with a woman before completion of her Iddat is
  - a. Irregular
  - b. Void
  - c. Voidable
  - d. None of these
6. A divorced Muslim woman would be entitled to claim maintenance from her divorced husband, as long as
  - a. She is observing iddat
  - b. She does not remarry
  - c. Both a and b
  - d. Neither a nor b
7. Islam in Arabic means
  - a. submission to the will of God
  - b. deliberate adoption of a new faith
  - c. adoption of the faith of Islam
  - d. all the above
8. Under Muslim law, guardianship in marriage is also known as
  - a. jabar
  - b. hizanat
  - c. Hazin
  - d. Both a and b
9. Which of the following modes of filiation is not recognised by Muslim Law
  - a. Acknowledgment of paternity
  - b. Natural filiation
  - c. Paternity by adoption
  - d. Both b and c

10. Who among the following has/have a preferential right to contract his/her/their minor child into marriage?
- |                           |                      |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| a. Father                 | b. Mother            |
| c. Both farher and mother | d. None of the above |
11. To which of the following people does the right to custody of a male child and of a female child belong in the first place?
- |                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| a. Father      | b. Mother       |
| c. Grandfather | d. Both a and b |
12. A gift of unborn person is
- |             |                  |
|-------------|------------------|
| a. Valid    | b. Void          |
| c. Voidable | d. None of these |
13. To whom does the custody of an illegitimate child belong under the Muslim law?
- |                           |            |
|---------------------------|------------|
| a. Mother                 | b. Father  |
| c. Both mother and father | d. Brother |
14. Under the sunni law, the mother is entitled to the custody of a male child till the age of
- |                |               |
|----------------|---------------|
| a. Two years   | b. Five years |
| c. Seven years | d. Ten years  |
15. The manager of waqaf property is known as
- |           |              |
|-----------|--------------|
| a. Mulla  | b. Mutawalli |
| c. Father | d. Mother    |
16. Which of the following cannot be valid object of wakf under Mahomedan law
- |  |                               |
|--|-------------------------------|
| a. Grant to an Idgah   | b. Payment of money to fakirs |
| c. Reading of Quran and recital of prayers for the welfare of soul of the deceased | d. The construction of irobat |
17. Shariat Act, 1937 came into operation on
- |                       |                       |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| a. 7th October, 1937  | b. 17th October, 1937 |
| c. 27th October, 1937 | d. 30th October, 1937 |
18. Zina under Muslim law means
- |  |  |
|--|--|
| a. sexual intercourse permitted by law | b. sexual intercourse not permitted by law |
| c. fornication or adultery             | d. Both b and c                            |
19. Under Muslim law there is no right by birth . The statement is :
- |            |                   |
|------------|-------------------|
| a. True    | b. False          |
| c. Depends | d. Partly correct |
20. Name the Ummul-Mumineen who have narrated about 2210 Hadith of the Prophet Muhammad
- |                    |                         |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| a. Hazrat Hifsa    | b. Hazrat Aisha Siddiqa |
| c. Hazrat Khadijah | d. Hazrat Zainib        |

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**( PART-B : Descriptive )**

Time : 2 hrs. 40 min.

Marks : 50

[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]

1. Write an explanatory note on the concept of Muslim Law. Explain various sources of muslim law. 3+7=10
2. Who is imam Abu Hanifa? Explain various Sunni and Shia schools of Muslim law. 2+8=10
3. Define Marriage? Explain various essentials elements of marriage. Is marriage according to Muslim law is a civil contract not sacrament? Discuss legal effect of marriage under Muslim law. 1+4+2+3=10
4. Critically explain Talaq and its terms and conditions. Discuss various important provisions of Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939.
5. A Muslim wife, who lives separately due to her husband's second marriage, is entitled to claim maintenance allowance or not? Discuss various Provisions of maintenance under Code of Criminal Procedure 1973. 2+8=10
6. What is Hiba under Muslim law ? Discuss various essentials of hiba. Discuss in details various kinds of hiba under Muslim law. When a hiba can be revoked? 1+3+4+2=10
7. Explain the concept of will under Muslim Law. What are the object and significance of Wills? Discuss various requisites of a valid will. 2+4+4=10
8. Write a short notes of the following (*any two*) 5+5=10
  - a) Uniform Civil Code
  - b) Indian Succession Act, 1925
  - c) Law of Inheritance

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