Full Marks: 70

Marks: 20

USTM/COE/R-01

REV-01 BPT/04/09

Duration: 3 hrs.

Time: 20 min.

## BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERAPY THIRD SEMESTER (SPECIAL REPEAT) HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY-I

## **BPT-103**

(Use separate answer scripts for Objective & Descriptive)

(PART-A: Objective)

Ch	oose the correct answer from the follo	cin	g: 1×20=20
1.	Total ABO blood group numbers are a. 2 c. 4		3 6
2.	The number of globin chains in Haemogloba. 1 c. 2	b.	s 4 6
3.	The cellular components of blood are all exa. WBC c. Platelets	b.	t RBC Albumin
4.	The long process of a Neuron is a. Axon c. Glial fibre		Myelin sheath All the above
5.	Blood group antigens are located on the su a. Lymphocyte c. Basophil	b.	e of Platelet RBC
6.	The space between nerve terminal and musta. Pre synaptic junction c. Synaptic cleft or gutter	b.	is known as Post synaptic junction Acetylcholine
7.	Wallerian degeneration occurs in which of a. Fracture of bone c. Nerve injury	b.	following? Injury of muscle All of above
8.	Anticoagulants are substances that a. Breaks down RBC		Keeps blood in liquid form outside the body
	c. Helps blood clotting	d.	An enzyme
9.	Parts of renal system are all except  a. Kidneys c. Urinary bladder		Ureters Testis
10.	Ribosomes are present on the outer surface  a. Endoplasmic reticulum  c. Mitochondria	b.	Golgi apparatus Nucleus

11. Thin filaments of sarcomere is known as b. Troponin a. Tropomyosin c. Myosin d. Actin 12. Hypotonia is \_\_\_\_ \_ in muscle tone. a. Increase b. Remains same d. Slightly increased c. Decrease 13. Autorhytmicity is a property of b. Muscles a. Joints d. Nerves c. Cardiac mucles 14. Tachycardia is \_\_\_\_\_in heart rate. b. Increase a. Decrease c. Same d. None 15. Average systolic blood pressure is\_ a. 80 mmHg b. 90mm Hg d. 120 mm Hg c. 110mm Hg 16. Korotkoff's sound is associated with b. Heart rate a. Blood pressure c. Pulse rate d. All 17. Normal cardiac cycle is b. 0.7 sec a. 0.5 sec d. 0.9 sec c. 0.8 sec 18. Total leads in ECG is b. 9 a. 8 c. 10 d. 12 19. The respiratory tract has \_\_\_\_generations. b. 15 a. 10 c. 23 d. 40 20. Lambert Eaten syndrome is a disease of a. Liver b. Kidney c. Neuromuscular junction d. Small intestine

## ( PART-B : Descriptive )

Tin	Marks: 50	
	[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]	
1.	a. Explain properties of cardiac muscle.     b. Explain Erythropoiesis.	6+4=10
2.	a. Explain active and passive transport.     b. Explain neuromuscular junction in details.	5+5=10
3.	<ul><li>a. What are the different parts of a Digestive system?</li><li>b. Explain the function of gastric juice.</li></ul>	5+5=10
4.	<ul><li>a. Explain cardiac cycle.</li><li>b. Explain the function of blood.</li></ul>	6+4=10
5.	Define Anaemia. Classify types of Anaemia. Describe briefly laboratory diagnosis of Anaemia.	2+4+4=10
	What is a Neuron? Classify neurons. Describe the structure and functions of a neuron with a neat diagram.	1+3+6=10
6.	<ul><li>a. Explain the various nerve injuries.</li><li>b. Explain how the transport of Oxygen occurs in a human body.</li></ul>	5+5=10
7.	<ul><li>a. Explain lung volumes and capacities in details.</li><li>b. What is a dead space? Explain its types.</li></ul>	5+5=10
8.	<ul><li>a. Explain conduction system of the heart in details.</li><li>b. Explain the various method of examining blood pressure.</li></ul>	6+4=10

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