

**BA POLITICAL SCIENCE  
FIFTH SEMESTER  
WORLD CONSTITUTION  
BPS-504**

**SET  
B**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

**( Objective )**

Time: 30 mins.

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×20=20

1. UK has -----Party System  
a. One  
b. Multi  
c. Two  
d. None of the above
2. Which one of the following constitutions is a flexible constitution?  
a. UK  
b. USA  
c. India  
d. Canada
3. Who was the head and sovereign power in the Meiji Constitution of Japan  
a. The People  
b. The Prime Minister  
c. The Emperor  
d. None of the Above
4. How many U.S. senators are there?  
a. Fifty-two (52).  
b. Four hundred thirty-five (435).  
c. One hundred (100).  
d. Fifty (50).
5. What does Cohabition in French political system means?  
a. President and Prime Minister belongs to the same party  
b. Reduced power of President  
c. Reduced power of Prime Minister  
d. None of the Above
6. When was the Liberal Democratic Party of Japan established?  
a. 1922  
b. 1955  
c. 1959  
d. None of the Above
7. Who makes the US federal laws?  
a. Congress.  
b. The states.  
c. The President.  
d. The Supreme Court.
8. Under the Constitution of 1946, what is the role of the Emperor in Japan?  
a. Head of the State  
b. Symbol of the State  
c. Head of the Executive  
d. None of the Above
9. In which Article of the Constitution of Japan (1946) is the "Renunciation of War" is enshrined?  
a. Article 10  
b. Article 7  
c. Article 96  
d. Article 9
10. Who vetoes bills in US ?  
a. The President  
b. The Vice President  
c. The Senate  
d. The House of Representatives

11. What is the term period of the House of Councillors in Japan?
  - a. 4
  - b. 3
  - c. 6
  - d. 5
12. When the Constitution of the Fifth Republic of France did come into force?
  - a. 1870
  - b. 1792
  - c. 1958
  - d. None of the Above
13. Name the Upper Chamber of the French Parliament?
  - a. National Assembly
  - b. House of Representatives
  - c. The Senate
  - d. House of Councillors
14. In UK the executive is responsible to the
  - a. The Legislature
  - b. The Prime Minister
  - c. The Judiciary
  - d. The Speaker of the House of Representatives
15. The French Constitution is called the "Laboratory of Political Experiments". It is
  - a. Unitary
  - b. Semi-presidential
  - c. Strong President
  - d. All of the Above
16. In UK the real executive authority is:
  - a. The King or the Queen
  - b. The Prime Minister
  - c. The Cabinet
  - d. None of the above
17. Who was the first President of Fifth Republic of France?
  - a. Michel Debre
  - b. Charles de Gaulle
  - c. Nicolas Sarkozy
  - d. None of the Above
18. Who is the Commander in Chief of the US Military?
  - a. The President.
  - b. The Vice-President.
  - c. The Secretary of Defense.
  - d. None of the above
19. Which of the following countries has Unitary Form of Government
  - a. USA
  - b. UK
  - c. Canada
  - d. Australia
20. Who wrote the US Declaration of Independence?
  - a. Abraham Lincoln.
  - b. James Madison.
  - c. George Washington.
  - d. Thomas Jefferson.

**( Descriptive )**

Time : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]

1. What are the differences between the British King and the Crown? Discuss 10
2. How is the Prime Minister of U.K appointed? Discuss his powers, functions and position. 3+7=10
3. What are the qualifications to be the US President? Discuss his powers and functions. 3+7=10
4. Discuss the powers and functions of the US Congress. 10
5. The French Constitution is the "Laboratory of Political Experiments". Discuss the salient features of the 1958 Constitution. 10
6. What do you understand by semi-presidential system? Discuss some of the important powers of the French Parliament. 3+7=10
7. "The National Diet is the backbone of Japan's parliamentary democratic politics". Discuss the important functions of the National Diet. 10
8. Write an essay on the multi-party system of Japan. 10

== \*\* ==