## BEN/BSO/BPY/BSW FIRST SEMESTER UNDERSTANDING POLITICAL SCIENCE BPS-104 (GE) (REPEAT)

BPS-104 (GE) (REPEAT) Full Marks: 70 Duration: 3 hrs. (USE OMRSHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART) (Objective) Marks: 20 Time: 30 min.  $1 \times 20 = 20$ Choose the correct answer from the following: 1. "Political Science is a science which deals with the a. Society and Justice b. Science and society d. State and Government c. Politics and Science 2. From which word the term "Politics" was derived? a. Greek b. Sanskrit d. English c. Latin 3. Who was Aristotle? b. Egyptian Philosopher a. Greek Philosopher d. Latin Philosopher c. Indian Phlosopher 4. "Political Science is a science" b. Economic a. Social c. Pure d. Natural 5. What is the meaning of the word "Polis"? a. Ancient Greek City State b. Ancient India City State d. None of the above c. A city 6. "Man is by nature a political animal". Who gave the given statement? a. Plato b. Aristotle c. Machiavelli d. None of the above 7. Who used the term "politics" for the first time? b. Locke a. Hobbes d. None of the above c. Bentham is the natural institution.

9. "the state is an association which, acting through law as promulgated by a government endowed to this end with coercive power, maintains within a community territorially demarcated the universal external conditions of social order" - Who gave the aforesaid definition of a state?

a. MacIver

a. Government

b. Aristotle

c. Plato

c. Court

d. Nozick

b. State

d. None of the above

the necessity of state.	
a. Economic	b. Social
c. Cultural	d. Traditional
11 as a whole is the	e instrument through which the sovereign
power of the State gets used.	
a. Government	b. Military
c. territory	d. population
<ol><li>Examine the statements (A and R) and cho Assertion (A)= State is Essential.</li></ol>	
prosperity and development	tries to ensure conditions for their happiness,
a. Both A and R are correct but R is not	b. Both A and R are correct but R is the
the correct explanation of A  c. A is correct R is incorrect	correct explanation of A
	d. A is incorrect R is correct
13 alone possess soverei	gnty.
a. government	b. state
c. military	d. none of the above
4is power of the State to ord	der and regulate the activities of all the people
groups and institutions which are at work	within its territory.
a. Internal Sovereignty	b. External sovereignty
c. Sovereignty	d. None of the above
15. What are "Rights"?	
a. Essential conditions of social life	b. Common claims of people
c. All of the above	d. None of the above
6. What are legal rights?	
a. Rights that are Recognized and	b. Rights that are Not equally available to
enforced by the state	all citizens
c. All of the above	d. None of the above
17. Political rights are those rights by virtue o	f which citizens get a share in the
a. Social process	b. Cultural process
c. Political process	d. Economic process
18. is the quardian r	
a. Legislature	b. Executive
c. Judiciary	d. State
	di State
9. Which organ of government makes laws?	
a. Legislature	b. Executive
c. Judiciary	d. State

20. Bureaucracy is the example of \_a. Permanentc. All of the above

b. Political
d. None of the above

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## (Descriptive )

Tim	e: 2 Hrs. 30 mins.	Marks: 50
	[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]	
1.	Write a note on the scope of Political Science.	10
2.	Discuss the four elements of state.	10
3.	Explain the role of the state highlighting the important functions performed by the state.	s 10
4.	What are rights? Discuss the relationship between rights and duties.	5+5=10
5.	What is political Science? Is political science a pure science?	5+5=10
6.	Discuss the various functions of judiciary.	10
7.	What is legislature? Discuss its functions.	2+8=10
8.	Discuss various types of rights.	10

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