

**BACHELOR OF SOCIAL WORK  
FIFTH SEMESTER  
WOMEN AND SOCIETY  
BSW-506  
[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]**

**SET  
B**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

**( Objective )**

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×20=20

- Which term is commonly used to describe women's work situation as they work both inside and outside of home?
  - Double-recognition
  - Double-burden
  - Double-work
  - Double-labour
- In India, which is a comprehensive anti-discrimination law addressing all aspects of direct and indirect discrimination against women?
  - Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act
  - There is no such law
  - National Commission for Women Act
  - Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act
- Masculinity is not synonymous with:-
  - Strength
  - Aggression
  - Power
  - Emotion
- Which is incorrect statement regarding masculinities and femininities?
  - Gendered rather than non-gendered
  - Based on biological determinism
  - Changing across time and space
  - Socially constructed
- What does the definition of violence against women adopted by the United Nations Declaration on the Elimination of Violence Against Women include?
  - Only domestic violence
  - Only violence perpetrated or condoned by the State
  - Both
  - None
- Who is the chairperson of the National Commission for Women in India?
  - Rekha Sharma
  - Poornima Advani
  - Smriti Irani
  - Lalitha Kumaramangalam
- 'Voyeurism' is a criminal offence and means
  - violence against women in domestic environment
  - violence against women at workplace
  - watching or capturing images of a woman engaged in a private act
  - showing pornography
- Which of the following group of states have female literacy above 80% as per 2011 census?
  - Kerala, Mizoram and Goa
  - Kerala, Goa and Maharashtra

- c. Kerala , Mizoram and Tamil Nadu      d. Kerala, Tripura and Maharastra
9. Which article of the Indian Constitution prohibits discrimination on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth.
- a. Article 15      b. Article 14  
c. Article 17      d. Article 19
10. Domestic violence involves
- a. Physical violence only      b. Mental violence only  
c. Violence inside the house      d. All of the above
11. Which was the first country to allow women the right to vote?
- a. Saudi Arabia      b. USA  
c. India      d. New Zealand
12. Which of the following provision is introduced by the ministry of Women and Child Development in 2017 to provide safety to women in distress situations?
- a. Regulations of websites      b. Panic button on mobile phones  
c. Women helpline      d. Mobile police stations
13. Which article gives the authority to the state to make special laws for women and children.
- a. Article 15(3)      b. Article 14  
c. Article 15      d. Article 16
14. Which scheme helps in the prevention of trafficking and provide support for rescue, rehabilitation, reintegration and repatriation of women?
- a. Ujjawala scheme      b. STEP scheme  
c. Priyadarshini Scheme      d. DWCRA
15. Different strategies have been used in the women's movement to:-
- a. Spread awareness      b. Seek justice  
c. Fight discrimination      d. All of the above
16. Which of the following refers to gender roles?
- a. The subordination of women based on the assumption of superiority of men      b. Chromosomal and hormonal differences that cause differences in the behavior of men and women  
c. The rights, responsibilities, expectations and relationships of women and men      d. Domination of men based on the gender socialization
17. Which of the following institutions initiated May 28<sup>th</sup> as world menstrual hygiene management day (MH Day)?
- a. UNICEF      b. Wash United  
c. Ministry of women and child development      d. UNDP
18. Which is not the correct statement relating to women's job satisfaction?
- a. Women's work is visible and recognized      b. Women's work is invisible and not recognized  
c. Sex discrimination      d. Gender division of labor

19. India has a census every \_\_\_\_ years
- a. 5
  - b. 10
  - c. 18
  - d. 20
20. The main goal of feminism is to:-
- a. Change the patriarchal nature of the society
  - b. Change voting behavior
  - c. Influence the government
  - d. Assert minority rights
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**(Descriptive)**

Time : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]

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| 1. What is gender inequality? Suggest some efforts to eliminate crime-against women in North-East India.   | 5+5=10 |
| 2. Who is the abuser/perpetrator of domestic violence according to domestic violence act of 2005? Where can a person file a case against a perpetrator of domestic violence? | 5+5=10 |
| 3. Write short notes on :-<br>a. CEDAW<br>b. Constitutional provisions especially for women  | 5+5=10 |
| 4. Elaborate the characteristics of a patriarchal and matriarchal society with examples.   | 10     |
| 5. Briefly discuss economic and social empowerment of women through SHGs. Highlight the legal rights of women.   | 5+5=10 |
| 6. Elaborate the status of women in current Indian politics. Explain the problems of working women.  | 5+5=10 |
| 7. Discuss the status of women in ancient and medieval India.  | 5+5=10 |
| 8. What steps will you take as a social worker to address if you come across someone who is experiencing domestic violence?  | 10     |

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