

**MA SOCIOLOGY
FIRST SEMESTER
PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY
MSO-101(REPEAT)**
[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

**SET
A**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1×20=20

1. Sociology emerged in
 - a. America
 - b. Europe
 - c. Asia
 - d. Africa
2. Auguste Comte was of the opinion that sociology is very near to
 - a. Anthropology
 - b. Social anthropology
 - c. Biology
 - d. Physics
3. Find out the example for primary group?
 - a. Trade union
 - b. Political parties
 - c. Factory
 - d. Family
4. The company manager transfer to another company without change in position is an example for mobility
 - a. Vertical mobility
 - b. Intergenerational mobility
 - c. Horizontal mobility
 - d. Upward mobility
5. Emile Durkheim doctoral thesis was
 - a. Division of labour
 - b. Suicide
 - c. Hierarchy of sciences
 - d. Elementary forms of religious life
6. Which branch of knowledge is related to "science of society"
 - a. Sociology
 - b. Anthropology
 - c. Economics
 - d. Politics
7. is the tendency of judging other culture through one's own cultural values
 - a. Dramaturgy
 - b. Ethnocentrism
 - c. Low Culture
 - d. High Culture
8. Which is not a characteristic of culture?
 - a. Culture is social
 - b. Culture is static
 - c. Culture is transmissive
 - d. Culture is learned
9. Class is an example for stratification
 - a. Open
 - b. Ascribed
 - c. Endogamous
 - d. Closed
10. Expected behaviour one individual hold a certain status or position
 - a. Role
 - b. Custom
 - c. Rituals
 - d. Ideals

11. The term sex is biological construction, but is a social construction
 - a. Gender
 - b. Technological change
 - c. Psychoanalytic
 - d. Colonialism
12. Are certain shared standard of behaviour or expected mode of behaviour to maintain social order
 - a. Rituals
 - b. Values
 - c. Norm
 - d. Deviance
13. Which is not included in the formal means of social control?
 - a. Student Association
 - b. Trade union
 - c. Office
 - d. Folkways
14. is a socially defined position or rank with in a group or society
 - a. Role
 - b. Status
 - c. Sanction
 - d. Conformity
15. According to Radcliff Brown, Social structure refers to an
 - a. Interaction
 - b. Standard of Behaviour
 - c. Arrangement of person
 - d. Mutual Relationships
16. Social controlling methods which are deliberately formed and interactions are impersonal in nature?
 - a. Informal social control
 - b. Formal social control
 - c. Unorganised social control
 - d. Unconscious social control
17. Who compared societies to a living organism?
 - a. Emile Durkheim
 - b. Talcott Parson
 - c. Herbert Spencer
 - d. Malinowski
18. In this type of family, the wife live in the husband home is known as?
 - a. Matrilocal Family
 - b. Matrilineal Family
 - c. Patrilocal Family
 - d. Neolocal Family
19. Which of the statement are false about functions of media?
 - a. Spreading information or knowledge
 - b. Not working as an agent of socialisation
 - c. Entertainment
 - d. Interpretations and explanation of situations or events
20. Who defined "Religion as a unified system of beliefs and practices relative to sacred things that is to way, things set apart and forbidden"
 - a. E M Hover
 - b. Herbert Spencer
 - c. Durkheim
 - d. Habermas

(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Sociology is a science; substantiate it with example? 10

2. Define society. Describe the characteristics, nature and origin of society? 2+2+6=10

3. Write an essay on significance of sociology for studying social problems? 10

4. Describe the purpose of social control and clarify the formal and informal means of social control. 5+5=10

5. How do sociology and history differ and relate to each other as social science 5+5=10

6. Discuss structuralism as a theoretical perspective? 10

7. What is a social change? Critically analyze the cultural factors in social change 5+5=10

8. How does culture provide us with possibilities to adopt to and change our surrounding? 10

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