

MASTER OF SOCIAL WORK
First Semester
SOCIETY AND CONCERNS OF NORTH EAST INDIA
(MSW – 103)

Duration: 3Hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Part-A (Objective) =20
Part-B (Descriptive) =50

(PART-B: Descriptive)

Duration: 2 hrs. 40 mins.

Marks: 50

Answer any *five* of the following questions:

1. Discuss about the concept of Society. What are the characteristics of Society?
(5+5=10)
2. Discuss about the concept of Community. What are the elements of Community?
(5+5=10)
3. What do you understand by Social Change? Discuss about the causes and consequences of Social Change.
(5+5=10)
4. Critically examine about the 6th schedule as mentioned in the constitution of India.
(10)
5. What is Social Problems? Elaborate about its various approaches. (5+5=10)
6. Explain about the “Marriage and Inheritance” among the:
(5+5=10)
 - i) Angamis and
 - ii) Khasis
7. What is the definition of Child Labour? Discuss about various types of Child Abuse.
(2+8=10)
8. Write short notes on the following: (5+5=10)
 - i) DoNER
 - ii) Drug Addiction.

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Duration: 20 minutes

Marks – 20

(PART A - Objective Type)

I. Choose the correct answer:

1×20=20

1. Which among the following is/are the characteristics of society?
a. Dynamic
b. Unique culture
c. Gregarious nature of man
d. All of above
2. Social Stratification is a type of:
a. Social equality
b. Social group
c. Social Institution
d. Social inequality
3. The term class was used by:
a. Marx b. Lenin c. Weber d. Castree
4. The social position is implied by:
a. Class b. Caste c. Weber d. Power
5. Social problems are closely related to:
a. Social Values
b. Economic Growth
c. Role of Government
d. Per Capita Income
6. Who viewed social problem as a deviant behaviour?
a. Nisbet b. Merton c. Karl Marx d. Spector
7. What is the population of India according to 2011 census?
a. 2 billion b. 1.21 billion c. 1.6 billion d. 1.8 billion
8. Poverty has:
a. Economic dimension
b. Social dimension
c. both a & b
d. none of above
9. The impact of unemployment include:
a. Income inequality
b. Loss of appetite & motivation
c. Loss of human capital & skills
d. All of Above
10. Which of the following shows change in family structure in India?
a. Change in authority structure
b. Increase in number of nuclear families
c. Changes in marital practice
d. All of above

11. The Child Labour Prohibition and Abolition in Domestic and Hospitality Services Act is the year:
 a. 2005 b. 1986 c. 2006 d. 2007
12. Nagaland has become a separate state in the year:
 a. 1964 b. 1972 c. 1982 d. None
13. Dimasa is a major tribe of :
 a. Assam b. Meghalaya c. Tripura d. Nagaland
14. Monpa is community predominantly found in:
 a. Itanagar b. Tawang c. Along d. Zero
15. Ancestral property is customarily inherited by youngest daughter among the:
 a. Angamis b. Assamese c. Khasis d. Garos
16. Percentage of tribal population in Assam is around:
 a. 30% b. 20% c. 15% d. 12%
17. The community having highest proportion in Sikkim is:
 a. Bengali b. Bhotia c. Assamese d. Nepali
18. Community mainly following Buddhism is:
 a. Jamatia b. Meithei c. Aka d. Monpa
19. Literacy rate is higher among the:
 a. Bengalis b. Bodos c. Mizos d. Karbis
20. Match list I with list II and select the correct answer from the codes given below:

List I	List II
a. Society	i. We felling
b. Institution	ii. Universality
c. Community	iii. Consciousness of kind
d. Social Group	iv. Unique culture

Codes:

	A	B	C	D
a.	iii	iv	I	ii
b.	ii	iii	iv	i
c.	iii	ii	iv	i
d.	iv	ii	I	iii
