

**MA SOCIOLOGY
SECOND SEMESTER (REPEAT)
FAMILY, KINSHIP & MARRIAGE
MSO-203**

**SET
A**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

Marks: 20

(Objective)

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

1. In Sociology, kinship is considered as:
 - a. Structure
 - b. Elementary structure of society
 - c. Group
 - d. All the above
2. Who has propounded the Alliance theory of Kinship?
 - a. Radcliffe-Brown
 - b. Malinowski
 - c. Emile Durkheim
 - d. Levi-Strauss
3. Household in sociology means.....
 - a. Building
 - b. Organizational pattern of family
 - c. Distinct place of collective living as family
 - d. Both b and c
4. Social construction of gender is the phenomena in:
 - a. Society
 - b. Community
 - c. Family
 - d. All the above
5. Social evolution is determined by:
 - a. Family structure
 - b. Kinship relationship
 - c. Community
 - d. Both a and b
6. Grandfather, father and son refer to.....
 - a. Unilineal descent
 - b. Double descent
 - c. Clan
 - d. All the above
7. Wife's brother's wife is your.....
 - a. Primary kin
 - b. Secondary kin
 - c. Tertiary kin
 - d. Affinal kin
8. Which is common for both caste and tribe?
 - a. Clan Exogamy
 - b. Endogamy
 - c. Community
 - d. Occupation
9. If a boy of higher caste marries a girl from lower caste, it is called:
 - a. Endogamy
 - b. Exogamy
 - c. Hypogamy
 - d. Hypergamy
10. Which of the following is a challenge to marriage?
 - a. Homosexuality
 - b. Transsexuality
 - c. Transgenderism
 - d. Both a and b

11. Descent is basic aspect of social structure because.....
 - a. It determines the clan
 - b. It is kinship
 - c. It is clan
 - d. All the above
12. Alliance theory of kinship deals with.....
 - a. Primitive society
 - b. Simple society
 - c. Kinship relations in simple society
 - d. All the above
13. Family as social institution is based on.....
 - a. Kinship
 - b. Society
 - c. Community
 - d. None of the above
14. Family as primary social structure of society.....
 - a. Determines the marriage
 - b. Determines the pattern of kinship relationship
 - c. Both a and b
 - d. Determines the group
15. Joint and Nuclear family are the example of.....
 - a. Types of family
 - b. Structure of family
 - c. Social institution
 - d. All the above
16. What are the types of kinship?
 - a. Primary, secondary and tertiary
 - b. Affinal and Consanguineous
 - c. Clan and descent
 - d. All the above
17. The term "father" in Kinship system signifies.....
 - a. Collective kinship term
 - b. A 'Kin' that is expressed with linguistic variations
 - c. Both a and b
 - d. Blood relations
18. What will happen to caste system if endogamy disappears?
 - a. There will be no patriarchy
 - b. There will be caste less society
 - c. Brahmins will be disappeared
 - d. None of the above
19. If a person marries his deceased brother's wife, it is called.....
 - a. Sororate
 - b. Forced marriage
 - c. Levirate
 - d. None of the above
20. Dowry practice is associated with.....
 - a. Patriarchy
 - b. Masculinity
 - c. Social status
 - d. All the above

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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 hr. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

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| 1. Analyze family as basic structure of society. Cite examples. | 10 |
| 2. Discuss the significance of endogamy and exogamy in caste system of Indian society. | 10 |
| 3. Write a note on Lineage. | 10 |
| 4. What are the factors of change in structure and functions of family? Explain elaborately. | 10 |
| 5. Analyze the issue of dowry as bride price in contemporary Indian society. Cite examples. | 10 |
| 6. Discuss the concept of Consanguinity. | 10 |
| 7. Discuss the impediments of marriage as social institution in society. Cite examples. | 10 |
| 8. How family plays the role in social construction of gender? Discuss in detail. | 10 |

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