

B.Sc. PHYSICS  
SIXTH SEMESTER  
MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS-III  
BSP-603A[SPECIAL REPEAT]  
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

20  
**SET**  
**A**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 20

Time: 20 min.

( PART-A: Objective )

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1X20=20

- Find the value of  $(1+i)^{100}$ .
  - $\cos 100\pi + i \sin 100\pi$
  - $2^{100}(\cos 100\pi + i \sin 100\pi)$
  - $2^{50}(\cos 100\pi + i \sin 100\pi)$
  - $2^{50}(\cos 50\pi + i \sin 50\pi)$
- $f(z) = \bar{z}$  is differentiable
  - Only at  $z=1$
  - Only at  $z=0$
  - Everywhere
  - Nowhere
- If  $z$  is a complex variable, the value of  $\int_5^{3i} \frac{dz}{z}$  is
  - $-0.511-1.57i$
  - $0.511+1.57i$
  - $0.511-1.57i$
  - $-0.511+1.57i$
- If  $f(z) = x + ay + i(bx + cy)$  is analytic, then
  - $a=b=c=1$
  - $a=1$  and  $c=-b$
  - $b=1$  and  $a=-c$
  - $c=1$  and  $a=-b$
- A point at which a function ceases to be analytic is called
  - Singular point
  - Non-singular point
  - Regular point
  - Non regular point
- Which of the following is an "even" function of  $t$ ?
  - $t^2$
  - $t^2 - 4t$
  - $\sin(2t) + 3t$
  - $t^3 + 6$
- A "periodic function" is given by a function which
  - has a period  $T = 2\pi$
  - satisfies  $f(t+T) = f(t)$
  - satisfies  $f(t+T) = -f(t)$
  - has a period  $T = \pi$
- What are Fourier coefficients
  - The terms that are present in a Fourier series
  - The terms that are obtained through Fourier series

- c. The terms which consist of the Fourier series along with their sine or cosine values
- d. The terms which are of resemblance to Fourier transform in a Fourier series are called Fourier series coefficients
9. Choose the condition from below that is not a part of Dirichlet's conditions?
- a. It is a periodic signal, if the function  $f(x)$  for the interval  $(-\pi, \pi)$
- b. It is bounded, if the function  $f(x)$  for the interval  $(-\pi, \pi)$
- c. It has only a finite number of discontinuous, if the function  $f(x)$  for the interval  $(-\pi, \pi)$
- d. It is single-valued, if the function  $f(x)$  for the interval  $(-\pi, \pi)$
10. A function  $f(x)$  is called skew symmetric function if
- a.  $f(-x) = -f(x)$
- b.  $f(-x) = f(x)$
- c.  $f(-x) = -f(-x)$
- d.  $f(-x) = 0$

$$\int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin ax}{x} dx = ?$$

- a.  $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- b. 0
- c.  $\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$
- d.  $\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$
11. In the following function  $f(x)$  is known as
- $$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-isx} F(s) ds$$
- a. Fourier transform of  $f(s)$
- b. Fourier transform of  $f(x)$
- c. Fourier transform of  $F(x)$
- d. Inverse Fourier transform of  $F(s)$

12. Fourier sine transform of  $\frac{1}{x}$

- a.  $\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$
- b.  $\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$
- c. 0
- d.  $\infty$
13. Convolution of two function  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  is defined as
- a.  $f(x) * g(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(u)g(x/u)du$
- b.  $f(x) * g(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(u)g(x+u)du$
- c.  $f(x) * g(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(u)g(xu)du$
- d.  $f(x) * g(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(u)g(x-u)du$

15. Fourier transform of  $f(t)$  = ----- x Laplace transform of  $g(t)$ . Fill in the blank

a.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}$

b.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}$

c.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}}$

d. None of these

16. Consider the Laplace transform of  $F(x)$  is  $f(s)$ , and

$L[F(ax)] = (1/a)f(s/a)$  then this property is known as,

a. Linearity property

b. Change of scale property

c. First shifting property

d. None of above

17. Laplace inverse transform of  $\frac{1}{s^2 - 7s + 12}$  is,

a.  $e^{4x} + e^{3x}$

b.  $e^{4x} - e^{3x}$

c.  $e^{-4x} - e^{-3x}$

d.  $e^{4x} - e^{-3x}$

18. If  $L\{F(t)\} = \bar{f}(s)$ , then  $L\{tF(t)\}$  is

a.  $\bar{f}'(s)$

b.  $-\bar{f}'(s)$

c.  $\bar{f}'(s) + \bar{f}(s)$

d.  $s\bar{f}'(s) + \bar{f}(s)$

19.  $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^n}\right\}$  exist only when the value of n is

a. Negative integer

b. Positive integer

c. Zero

d. None of these

20. Inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{s}{s^2 + a^2}$  is

a.  $\cos at$

b.  $\cosh at$

c.  $\sinh at$

d.  $\sin at$

**( Descriptive )**

Time : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

*[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]*

1. a. Obtain Laplace transform of derivative for order 'n'. 6+4=10
- b. Find the value of
- (i)  $\int_c \frac{z+4}{z^2+2z+5} dz$ , where  $c$  is the circle  $|z+1|=1$ .
- (ii)  $\oint_c \frac{2z^2+5}{(z+2)^3(z^2+4)} dz$ , where  $c$  is the square with the vertices at  $1+i, 2+i, 2+2i, 1+2i$ .
2. a. If  $F_c(s) = \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{s^2}\right)$ , find  $f(x)$ . 6+4=10
- b. Establish the relationship between Fourier and Laplace transforms.
3. a. Discuss the linear property of Fourier transform. 5+5=10
- b. Prove that the Fourier transform of the convolution of  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  is the product of their Fourier transform.
4. a. Solve the following equation by Laplace transform 8+2=10  
 $y''' - 2y'' + 5y' = 0$ ;  $y = 0, y' = 1$  at  $t=0$  and  $y = 1$  at  $t = \frac{\pi}{8}$ .
- b. Find the value of  $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{(s^2+a^2)^2}\right\}$
5. a. If  $2 \cos \theta = x + \frac{1}{2}$  and  $2 \cos \phi = y + \frac{1}{y}$ , then prove that 5+5=10  
 $x^p \cdot y^q + \frac{1}{x^p \cdot y^q} = 2 \cos(p\theta + q\theta)$ .

b. Test the analyticity of the function  $w = \sin z$  and hence

derive that  $\frac{d}{dz}(\sin z) = \cos z$

6. a. If  $x = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$ ,  $y = \cos \phi + i \sin \phi$ , prove that 5+5=10

$$\frac{x-y}{x+y} = i \tan\left(\frac{\theta-\phi}{2}\right).$$

b. Expand the function  $f(x) = x \sin x$ , as a Fourier series in the interval  $-\pi < x < \pi$ .

7. a. Write the Fourier constant to evaluate the Harmonic analysis. 3+2+5=10

b. Represent the following function by a Fourier sine

$$\text{series: } f(t) = \begin{cases} t, & 0 < t \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \frac{\pi}{2}, & \frac{\pi}{2} < t \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

c. Show that  $L[f(t)u(t-a)] = e^{-as} L[f(t+a)]$

8. Given that  $f(x) = x + x^2$  for  $-\pi < x < \pi$ , find the Fourier expression of  $f(x)$ . Deduce that 8+2=10

$$\frac{\pi^2}{6} = 1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots$$

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