REV-01 BPY/28/40

BA PSYCHOLOGY SECOND SEMESTER LIFE SPAN DEVELOPMENT BPY - 921 [IDMn]

SET

2023/06

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Time: 30 mins.

Objective

Full Marks: 70

Choose the correct answer from the following:

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

Marks: 20

- 1. What is the study of physical, cognitive, social, and emotional changes throughout our lives called?
 - a. Developmental psychology
 - c. Psychosocial development
- 2. Infancy determines the age of children
 - a. 12-18 years
 - c. 6 years from birth
- b. Cognitive psychology
- d. Moral development
- d. None of the above Which among the following is also called as "transitional age"?
 - a. Early childhood
 - c. Late childhood

- b. Infancy
- d. Adolescence

b. 6-12 years

- 4. The period from 13 years to 17 years is referred to as
 - a. Infancy

- b. Early childhood d. Late Adolescence
- c. Early Adolescence 5. Which of the following is not a characteristic of infancy?
 - a. Speed in physical development
- - c. To be moral
- b. Dependency on others
- d. Intensity of mental activity
- Infants form one of four kinds of attachments with their caregivers. Which is generally considered to be the desired kind of attachment?
 - a. Secure

b. Avoidant

c. Resistant

- d. Disorganized
- 7. Which among the following is also called as "terrible teens"?
 - a. Late adolescence c. Adulthood
- b. Late childhood d. Early Adolescence
- 8. Which among the following is also called as period of "storm and stress"?
 - a. Middle age

b. Late childhood

c. Adulthood

- d. Adolescence
- 9. Which period is known as "Problem Age"?
 - a. Adolescence

b. Childhood

c. Adulthood

d. Old age

USTM/COE/R-01

[1]

	 Occurring automatically and involunta to a stimulus Reflexes 	rily as a result of the nervous system's reactio b. Gross motor skills
	c. Fine motor skills	d. Development
	11. Achievement of which milestones mark	
	a. Buying a car c. Buying a house	 b. Having a family d. None of these; the transition to adulthood is gradual and not marked by a single factor
	12. Prejudice of discrimination against the	
	a. Ageism c. Dementia	b. Sexismd. Cruelty to the elderly
	13. Erik Erikson suggests that middle adulthood encompasses the period of, where people consider their contributions to family,	
	community, work, and society. a. Formal operations period	b. Identity-Versus-Identity-Identity- Confusion-Stage
	c. Ego-Integrity-Versus-Despair-Stage	
	14. Which of the following does not occura. A reduction in lean body massc. An increased appetite	with increasing age? b. A reduction in bone density d. Impaired immune function
	 15. Social and emotional well-being in you a. Establishing a career c. Increasing responsibility and independence 	
	16. Biological factors of 'aging' includes	
	a. Molecular change c. A and B	b. Cellular change d. None of them
	17. What are some of the 'crises' affecting adulthood?	social and emotional well-being in middle
	a. Physical signs of aging	 b. Children growing up and leaving home
	c. Boredom with a chosen career	d. All of these
	 The life stage after 65+ age is called Adolescence 	b. Infancy
	c. Later Adulthood	d. Middle Adulthood
19. Which of the following lifestyle factor late adulthood?		s are known to affect well-being positively in
	 Mental and physical activity, nutrition 	 Alcohol consumption and retiring early
	c. Drug consumption, mental and physical activity	d. None of these

- 20. The most common impairment among elderly persons
 a. ADLS
 b. Theories
 c. Arthritis
 d. Subcultures

Descriptive

Time: 2 Hr. 30 Mins. Marks: 50 [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest] What are the physical and psychological changes in middle adulthood? 5+5=10 Write about palliative care for aged people. What are the benefits of 5+5=10 palliative care? What are the physical and psychological changes in early adulthood? 5+5=10 What are the characteristics of old age? Describe the theories of old age. 5+5=10 5. Define infancy. What are the various physical changes during infancy? 3+7=10 6. Define Puberty. What are the psychological changes that occur during 2+8=10 adolescence? 7. What are the characteristics of adolescence period? Explain about the 5+5=10 various physical and cognitive changes that occur during adolescence 8. What do you understand by perinatal, prenatal and post natal period? 5+5=10 Write down the characteristics of infancy.

== *** = =