

**BACHELOR OF SOCIAL WORK  
FOURTH SEMESTER  
SOCIAL POLICIES, PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT  
BSW – 402  
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]**

**SET  
A**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

( Objective )

Marks: 20

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

**1X20=20**

1. Social policy refers to:
  - a. Policies related to economic development
  - b. Policies related to social justice and welfare
  - c. Policies related to international relations
  - d. Policies related to education
2. The goals of social policy include:
  - a. Reducing poverty and inequality
  - b. Promoting economic growth
  - c. Ensuring environmental sustainability
  - d. All the above
3. Which of the following is not associated with the implementation of social policy?
  - a. Allocating resources
  - b. Implementing programs and services
  - c. Monitoring and evaluating outcomes
  - d. Brokering the policy
4. Find out the appropriate option related with distributive justice in social policy.
  - a. Fair distribution of resources and opportunities
  - b. Equal distribution of wealth
  - c. Providing subsidies to certain groups
  - d. Privatization of public services
5. The rights-based approach to social policy emphasizes:
  - a. Promoting market-based solutions to social issues
  - b. Privatizing public services and welfare programs
  - c. Guaranteeing basic human rights and entitlements
  - d. None of the above
6. What is the concept of social planning?
  - a. Planning for social media campaigns
  - b. Planning for social events
  - c. Planning to address social issues and improve societal well-being
  - d. Planning for social gatherings
7. What are the Five-Year Plans in India?
  - a. Plans for personal finances
  - b. Plans for educational institutions
  - c. Plans for social welfare programs
  - d. National economic development plans implemented over five-year periods

8. How can micro-planning be defined?
  - a. Planning for small-scale projects
  - b. Planning for macroeconomic stability
  - c. Planning for social media campaigns
  - d. Planning at the grassroots level to address specific local needs
9. How does social planning contribute to inclusive development?
  - a. By addressing the needs of all sections of society, including marginalized groups
  - b. By focusing on economic growth only
  - c. By promoting technological advancements
  - d. By prioritizing political reforms
10. Which organization in India is responsible for policy planning and implementation?
  - a. United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)
  - b. World Health Organization (WHO)
  - c. Reserve Bank of India (RBI)
  - d. Niti Ayog
11. What is the concept of social development?
  - a. Economic growth and development of a nation
  - b. Improving social well-being and quality of life
  - c. Advancing technological innovations
  - d. Implementing political reforms
12. What are the goals of development?
  - a. Economic growth and industrialization
  - b. Poverty eradication and social equity
  - c. Political power and control
  - d. Technological advancements and innovation
13. Which approach to development emphasizes the empowerment of marginalized communities and individuals?
  - a. Sustainable development
  - b. Human-centred development
  - c. Technological development
  - d. Rights-based development
14. The concept of "bottom-up" development focuses on:
  - a. Economic growth driven by multinational corporations
  - b. Grassroots initiatives and community participation
  - c. Government-led development plans
  - d. Technological advancements in developing countries
15. The HDI considers which of the following indicators?
  - a. Life expectancy, education, and income
  - b. Political freedom, corruption index, and cultural diversity
  - c. Technological infrastructure, industrial output, and exports
  - d. Military spending, government debt, and inflation rate
16. Sanskritization is a process that involves:
  - a. The adoption of Sanskrit language in daily communication
  - b. The spread of Hinduism to different regions
  - c. The upward mobility of lower caste individuals through the adoption of upper caste customs and practices
  - d. The modernization of rural areas in India

17. Secularization refers to:  
The separation of religious
- a. institutions from political and social affairs
  - b. The promotion of religious practices in society
  - c. The spread of atheism and non-religious beliefs
  - d. The dominance of religious institutions in governance
18. A key objective of the Right to Information (RTI) Act is to:
- a. Ensure transparency and accountability in governance
  - b. Limit citizens' access to government information
  - c. Strengthen political parties' control over information
  - d. Restrict media freedom
19. The primary objective of Social Audit is to:
- a. Maximize profits and market share for an organization
  - b. Monitor environmental sustainability and conservation efforts
  - c. Ensure compliance with legal regulations and standards
  - d. Enhance transparency and public participation in decision-making
20. The main purpose of Public Hearings is to:
- a. Gather public opinion and feedback on specific issues
  - b. Provide financial compensation to affected individuals
  - c. Settle legal disputes through arbitration
  - d. Promote cultural festivals and celebrations

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**( Descriptive )**

Time : 2 hrs. 30 mins.

Marks : 50

*[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]*

1. Define the concept of social policy and explain the goals and objectives of social policy. 4+3+3  
=10
2. Define the concept of justice and discuss distributive justice with detail. 4+6=10
3. What is Five Year Plan? Mention its plan wise objectives and discuss them in detail. 4+6=10
4. Write a brief about the regional planning and discuss its different strategies in full length. 4+6=10
5. What do you mean by HDI (Human Development Index)? Discuss its different components in detail. 4+6=10
6. What is westernization? Discuss its concept, merits, and demerits. 4+3+3  
=10
7. What is social audit? Discuss the different process/steps of social audit in detail. 4+6=10
8. Write short notes on *any two* of the following topics. 5+5=10
  - a. Distributive Justice
  - b. Niti Ayog
  - c. Micro Planning
  - d. Sanskritization

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