## SET B

## **BA ENGLISH** SIXTH SEMESTER MODERN LINGUISTICS **BEN-602** [USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Time: 30 mins.

Full Marks: 70

Objective )

Choose the correct answer from the following:

Marks: 20  $1 \times 20 = 20$ 

- Regularity of phonetic change from Proto Indo European to Germanic and non-Germanic languages was observed by: a. Karl Verner b. Rasmus Rask

  - c. Jacob Grimm

- d. Hermann Grassmann
- Which of the following in the set violates Grimm's Law?
  - a. b  $\rightarrow$  p c. d  $\rightarrow$  t

- b. j —▶ c d. g → k
- The term 'cognate' refers to:
- a. Linguistic form of typologically related
- c. Linguistic form of geographically related languages
- b. Languages of different linguistic families
- d. Linguistic form of genetically related languages

- Typology is a:
  - a. Classification of languages according to the structural types
  - c. A theoretical framework to the study of language
- b. Study of systematic patterns that occur across the languages of the world
- d. All of these
- Who coined the term 'sprachbund'?
  - a. Karl Verner
  - c. Herman Osthoff
- b. Charles Ferguson
- d. Nicholas Trubetzky
- Bilingualism in which speakers no more use their native language is called 6. .....bilingualism.
  - a. Subtractive Bilingualism c. Dormant Bilingualism
- b. Compound Bilingualism
- d. Language death
- Coexistence of two varieties of the same language is called.....
  - a. Narrow diglossia
  - c. Diglossia

- b. Broad diglossia d. None of the above
- .....coined the term Diglossia.
- a. Leonard Bloomfield
- b. Noam Chomsky
- c. Charles Ferguson
- d. David Crystal
- Switching between two languages during a speech situation is known as:
  - b. Code switching

a. Code mixing c. Inflexion

9.

- d. Diglossia
- 1

10	
a. Lexicography b. Phonology c. Morphology d. None of the above  11. Which of the following group of languages belong to the Southern branch of Dravidian family? a. Konkani, Maithili, Dogri, Malto c. Kannada, Munda, Ho, Haka d. Karen, Meitei, Lhoto, Yachumi  12. Who among the following is NOT a Neo Grammarian? a. Karl Brugmann b. Herman Paul c. Paul Postal d. August Leskien  13. Grassmann's Law was proposed in: a. 1875 b. 1822 c. 1863 b. 1822 c. 1863 d. 1836  14. Which Universal talks about the SOV languages being postpositional? a. Universal 3 c. Universal 4 d. Universal 43 d. Universal 44  15. "In almost all languages the subject precedes the object, though there are languages in which the subject and the object occur in the reverse order" is an example of: a. Absolute universal c. Both absolute and statistical universal d. Neither absolute nor statistical universal c. Both absolute and statistical universal d. Neither absolute nor statistical universal c. Multilingualism d. None of the above  16. A foreign language having attained the status of the official language is called: a. Lingua Franca b. Diglossia d. None of the above  17	
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## (<u>Descriptive</u>)

Tin	ne: 2 hr. 30 mins.	Marks: 50
	[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]	
1.	Discuss syntactic typology with reference to Greenberg's first five language universals.	10
2.	Define sound change. Discuss the dimensions along which sound changes can be categorized.	2+8=10
3.	Make short notes on <i>any two</i> : a) Grimm's Law b) Absolute-Statistical Language Universals c) Verner's law	5+5=10
4.	Elaborate on the Tibeto Burman language family found in India.	10
5.	Elaborately discuss 'Sociolinguistics' as an individual discipline that deals with the use of language in the society.	10
6.	<ul><li>a) What are Pidgins and Creoles?</li><li>b) How do they differ from each other?</li></ul>	4+6=10
7.	<ul><li>a) What is Bilingualism?</li><li>b) Discuss different types of bilingualism with appropriate examples.</li></ul>	2+8=10
8.	Write short notes on <i>any two</i> of the following: a) Code mixing vs. Code Switching b) Multilingualism c) Types of dictionaries d) Register and Dialect	5+5=10

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