

MA POLITICAL SCIENCE
FOURTH SEMESTER
HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA
MPS – 402

**SET
A**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 mins.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

1. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights is applicable to:
 - a. Every individual, regardless of religion, race, gender, or cultural background
 - b. The citizens of UN member countries
 - c. The citizens of countries who adopted it in UN
 - d. The citizens of independent countries
2. Which of the following is an example of a second generation right?
 - a. Right to environment
 - b. Right to Education
 - c. Religious freedom
 - d. Freedom of Movement
3. Which of the following is an example of a third generation right?
 - a. Right to development
 - b. Right to Education
 - c. Right to social security
 - d. Right to clean drinking water
4. Right to peace is a
 - a. First generation right
 - b. Fourth generation right
 - c. Third generation right
 - d. None of the above
5. Consider the following events and choose the correct chronological sequence for recognition of human rights:
 1. Magna Carta
 2. French Revolution
 3. UDHR
 4. Adoption of ICCPR
 - a. 1, 4, 2, 3
 - b. 1, 2, 3, 4
 - c. 3, 1, 4, 2
 - d. 2, 1, 4, 3
6. Third generation of human rights is also known as:
 - a. Citizen's rights
 - b. Developmental rights
 - c. Women's rights
 - d. Group rights
7. International Bill of Human Rights includes
 - a. UDHR
 - b. ICCPR & ICESCR
 - c. Both A & B
 - d. Either A or B

8. In which of the following year, the United Nation Charter has been adopted?
 - a. 1948
 - b. 1966
 - c. 1946
 - d. 1945
9. The 'right to health' recognized under the ICESCR is contained in
 - a. Article 8
 - b. Article 10
 - c. Article 12
 - d. Article 14
10. When the CRC was adopted by the UN General Assembly?
 - a. On 20th November 1989
 - b. On 24th January 1982
 - c. On 18th march 1982
 - d. On 10th December 1989
11. Part III of the Indian Constitution talks about which of the following categories of rights?
 - a. Fundamental Rights
 - b. DPSPs
 - c. Both of them
 - d. None of them
12. After the 86th amendment of the Constitution, which of the following right has been transferred from DPSPs to fundamental rights in India?
 - a. Right to health
 - b. Right to food
 - c. Right to education
 - d. Right to housing
13. When was the National Human Rights Commission of India constituted?
 - a. 1990
 - b. 1992
 - c. 1991
 - d. 1993
14. In which of the following article of the Constitution, 'right to education' is guaranteed in India?
 - a. Article 19
 - b. Article 21
 - c. Article 21 A
 - d. Article 20
15. Which of the following is/are the primary reason of Child Labour in India?
 - a. Poverty
 - b. Lack of decent education
 - c. Growth of informal economy
 - d. All of the above
16. In which year British women over the age of 21 were able to vote and achieved the same voting rights as men?
 - a. 1918
 - b. 1928
 - c. 1938
 - d. 1948
17. The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act was passed by the Parliament of India in the year_____.
 - a. 2012
 - b. 2011
 - c. 2014
 - d. 2010
18. Which of the following section of Indian Penal Code considered same sex relationship a criminal offence?
 - a. Section 355
 - b. Section 344
 - c. Section 377
 - d. Section 366

19. What stands for 'Q' in LGBTQIA+ individuals?

- a. Queer
- b. Queen
- c. Quotient
- d. Quite

20. Which of the following south Asian country legalized the same sex marriage?

- a. India
- b. Pakistan
- c. Bangladesh
- d. Sri Lanka

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(Descriptive)

Time : 2 Hr. 30 Mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

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| 1. Discuss the meaning, nature and importance of the concept of human rights. | 10 |
| 2. Briefly compare and contrast the first and second generation of human rights with appropriate examples. | 10 |
| 3. Write a critical note on Human Rights Protection Act, 1993. | 10 |
| 4. What is the impact of Right to Education Act 2009 on child labour in India? Highlight the provisions of Child Labour (Prohibition & Regulation) Act 1986 with its amendment. | 3+7=10 |
| 5. Explain the provisions, importance and legal status of UDHR. | 10 |
| 6. Write a brief essay on CEDAW or ICCPR. | 10 |
| 7. Do you think that women's rights are human rights? Explain your arguments. | 10 |
| 8. Write short notes on <i>Any One</i> of the following:
a) Issues and challenges faced by LGBT community
b) Issues and challenges of Child Sexual Abuse | 10 |

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