

**MA SOCIOLOGY  
FOURTH SEMESTER  
SOCIOLOGY OF INDIA  
MSO-407 (MDC)**

**SET  
B**

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

( Objective )

Time: 30 mins.

Marks: 20

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

*1 × 20 = 20*

1. Which is the University that first started the department of sociology in 1919?
  - a. Mysore University
  - b. Calcutta University
  - c. Bombay University
  - d. Osmania University
2. Which of the following is not the difference between Sociology and History?
  - a. Sociology is concerned with the present society but history deals with the past events
  - b. Sociology is a general science whereas history is a special science
  - c. Sociology is a modern or new subject whereas history is an older social science
  - d. Sociology is concrete whereas history is abstract in nature
3. Which are the two main bases or essential elements on the basis of which community is formed according to Maclver and Page?
  - a. Permanence and Spontaneity
  - b. Common Interests and Common Life
  - c. Locality and Community Sentiment
  - d. Likeness and Similarity
4. Which of the following is not a positive impact of Globalization in India?
  - a. An untapped market resource for Indian companies worldwide
  - b. Increased gender disparity
  - c. Increased services sector helping Indian companies to grow
  - d. More consumer choices
5. The secondary kin of primary kin's primary kin is called:
  - a. Affinal kin
  - b. Primary kin
  - c. Tertiary kin
  - d. Secondary kin
6. The Tribal Community in India is known as Scheduled Tribes or ST under which Article of the Indian Constitution?
  - a. 73<sup>rd</sup> Amendment
  - b. 74<sup>th</sup> Amendment
  - c. Article 366
  - d. Article 466
7. When aggregates of individuals having the same opportunities of acquiring goods, the same exhibited standard of living, it is referred to as a.....
  - a. Caste
  - b. Gender Stratification
  - c. Tribe
  - d. Social Class

8. Which of the following thinker introduced the important concept of graded inequality related to the caste system?
  - a. B.R. Ambedkar
  - b. G.S. Ghurye
  - c. M.N. Srinivas
  - d. M.K. Gandhi
9. According to Andre Beteille castes comprises three main segments, in Tanjore village which is not one of them?
  - a. Brahmins
  - b. Non-Brahmins
  - c. Tribals
  - d. Adi-Dravids
10. Who among the following studied the Coorgs of Mysore?
  - a. M.N Srinivas
  - b. Majumdar
  - c. G. S Ghurye
  - d. B.R. Ambedkar
11. Which of the following thinker consider Sociology and Anthropology as twin sisters?
  - a. A.L. Kroeber
  - b. Robert Redfield
  - c. Evan Pritchard
  - d. Paul Junet
12. Which of the thinkers observes that "Un-stratified society with real equality of its members is a myth which has never been realized in the history of mankind"?
  - a. B.R. Ambedkar
  - b. P. Sorokin
  - c. M.K Gandhi
  - d. Ginsberg
13. Who classified society into two different categories Gemeinschaft and Gesellschaft?
  - a. Ferdinand Tonnies
  - b. Kingsley Davis
  - c. Morris Ginsberg
  - d. Sutherland
14. "Historically, Sociology has its main roots in politics and philosophy of history." Who said this?
  - a. Paul Junet
  - b. Morris Ginsberg
  - c. Evan Pritchard
  - d. A.L. Kroeber
15. In the following points, which is not a major negative impact of religions diversity in India?
  - a. Frequent conflicts
  - b. Dogmatism
  - c. Block social change
  - d. All of the above
16. Which of the following describes Homogamy as a rule of Marriage in India?
  - a. Marriage between a high class man and a low class woman in society
  - b. A practice of selecting mates only from within one's own social group
  - c. Marriage between a high class woman and a low class man
  - d. Mate selection based on similar characteristics between couple
17. The origin of the concept gender can be traced to which of the following?
  - a. 16<sup>th</sup> century women's movement and in Marxism
  - b. 18<sup>th</sup> century women's movement and in Marxism
  - c. 19<sup>th</sup> century women's movement and in Marxism
  - d. 20<sup>th</sup> century women's movement and in Marxism
18. Who referred to untouchables as Harijan, which means "Children of God"?
  - a. Gandhi
  - b. B.R. Ambedkar
  - c. Ogburn and Nimkoff
  - d. Majumdar

19. D.P. Mukerji concept of tradition appeared for the first time in which year?  
a. 1842                                      b. 1942  
c. 1843                                      d. 1943
20. Who considered the tribes as the 'backward Hindus'?  
a. B.R. Ambedkar                              b. G. S Ghurye  
c. M.N Srinivas                              d. Andre Beteille

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**(Descriptive)**

Time : 2 hr, 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]

1. Define and elaborate on the different types of marriage. 10
2. "History is past Sociology and Sociology is present history". Justify. 10
3. Evaluate primary and secondary functions performed by family as an institution. 10
4. What is social stratification? Briefly discuss the characteristics of social stratification. 2+8=10
5. Elucidate gender as a basis of stratification in society. 10
6. Who are the tribes? Discuss some of the major characteristics of tribal community. 2+8=10
7. Examine G.S. Ghurye's structural features of caste system. 10
8. Answer *any two* from the following: 5×2=10
  - a) Briefly discuss the different types of Society.
  - b) Explain any one factor of diversity in India.
  - c) Discuss the concept of graded inequality according to B.R. Ambedkar.
  - d) What is Sanskritization?

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