

BA LLB  
FIFTH SEMESTER  
FUNDAMENTALS OF CRIMINOLOGY  
BLB – 506 H<sub>3</sub> Cr.L  
(USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

SET  
A

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

(Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

- When Lokpal Act came into force?  
a. 2010  
b. 2011  
c. 2012  
d. 2013
- Who is considered as the father of Modern Criminology?  
a. Jeremy Bentham  
b. Edwin Sutherland  
c. Cesare Lombroso  
d. Howard Becker
- Classical School in criminology is usually a reference to the-  
a. 18<sup>th</sup> century  
b. 19<sup>th</sup> century  
c. 17<sup>th</sup> century  
d. 20<sup>th</sup> century
- Who is the founder of Strain theory?  
a. Robert Merton  
b. J Bentham  
c. Plato  
d. None of above
- Which of the following falls under Environmental Crime?  
a. Wildlife Trafficking  
b. Deforestation r  
c. Human Trafficking  
d. Both a & b
- Which theory shows the relationship between economic condition and criminal behavior?  
a. Economic theory of crime  
b. Political theory of crime  
c. Sociological theory of crime  
d. None of above
- Pre - Classical School is also known as -  
a. Demonological School  
b. Graphical School  
c. Neo- Demonological School  
d. All of above
- Who is the chairperson of present Lokpal in India?  
a. Sri Justice Pradip Kumar Mohanty  
b. Sri Lanusungkum Jamir  
c. Justice Dhananjaya Y. Chandrachud  
d. Justice Ranjan Gogoi
- In which century Demonological School came-  
a. 14<sup>th</sup>  
b. 15<sup>th</sup>  
c. 16<sup>th</sup>  
d. 17<sup>th</sup>

10. Who recommended Lokpal in India?
- a. Administrative Reforms Commission headed by Moraji Desai
  - b. Administrative Commission headed by Moraji Desai
  - c. Administrative Reforms headed by Moraji Desai
  - d. None of above
11. How many members constitute Lokpal?
- a. One chairperson and a maximum of eight other member
  - b. One chairperson and a maximum of nine other member
  - c. One chairperson and a maximum of ten other member
  - d. One chairperson and a maximum of eleven other member
12. Neo- classicism now believed in completely-
- a. Good will
  - b. Free will
  - c. Both a & b
  - d. Nether a nor b
13. Team work, Planning & violence is a characteristics of-
- a. Organized crime
  - b. Social crime
  - c. Professional crime
  - d. All of above
14. Criminology is the study of-
- a. Crime
  - b. Deviant behaviour
  - c. Both a & b
  - d. None
15. Criminology came from the latin word-
- a. Crimen
  - b. Crime
  - c. Criminilization
  - d. Victim
16. Positivist School is also known as -
- a. Baccaria School
  - b. Bentham School
  - c. Lombrosian school
  - d. All of above
17. Which theory is a part of Strain theory?
- a. Sociological theory
  - b. Historical theory
  - c. Both a & b
  - d. None
18. Which is/are the cause/s of crime?
- a. Heredity
  - b. Mental Disorder
  - c. Alcoholism
  - d. All of above
19. Positivism is an empiricist-
- a. Philosophical theory
  - b. Sociological theory
  - c. Psychological theory
  - d. None
20. Actus reus is an essential elements of-
- a. Physical act
  - b. Crime
  - c. Punishment
  - d. All of above



**(Descriptive)**

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

*[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]*

1. What is Environmental crime? Explain the types of Environmental Crime. 2+8=10
  
2. Write short notes 5+5=10
  - a. Lokpal
  - b. Lokayukta
  
3. Write short notes 5+5=10
  - a. Mental Disorder and Criminality
  - b. Corruption
  
4. Write short notes 5+5=10
  - a. Crime and Tort
  - b. Crime and Sin
  
5. What do you mean by the term Criminology? Explain the Schools of Criminology. 2+8=10
  
6. Write short notes 5+5=10
  - a. Organized crime
  - b. Hereditary and Crime
  
7. Define White Collar Crime. Explain the legislative measures that have been taken against White Collar Crime in India. Give case law. 2+8=10
  
8. Explain the nature and scope of Criminology. 10

== \*\*\* ==