REV-01 BMLT/02/05

BACHELOR OF MEDICAL-LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY THIRD SEMESTER PATHOLOGY

BMLT-305 [REPEAT] (USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART)

Duration: 3 hrs.

Time: 30 min.

Objective]

Marks: 20

2023/12

SET

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

Full Marks: 70

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1. Which of the following is a synthetic dye?

a. Carmine

b. Eosin

c. Haematoxylin

d. None of these

2. The combination of mordant with the dye is known as

a. Pre-mordanting

b. Meta-mordanting

c. Post-mordanting

d. None of these

3. Decalcification is done for which type of tissue

a. Brain tissue

b. Muscle tissue

c. Bone

d. Skin

4. What is used to remove water from the tissue during tissue processing.

a. Formalin

b. Xylene

c. Ethyl alcohol

d. Paraffin

5. Strapping means:

a. Sharpening the knife

b. Polishing the knife

c. Cleaning the knife

d. Dulling the knife

6. Which of these hormones are responsible for inducing ovulation?

a. Progesterone

c. Follicle stimulating hormone

d. Luteinizing hormone...

7. Xylene is used in which of the following steps of tissue processing.

a. Fixation

b. Dehydration

c. Clearing

d. Impregnation

8. Alveoli is the smallest unit of which organ system?

a. Urinary system

b. Respiratory system

c. Circulatory system

d. Endocrine system

9. What is the total number of daughter cells produced in meiosis?

b. 3

1

c. 4

d. 6

10. A	10. All of these factors described are characteristics for fixation except		
a.	. Arrests autolysis	b. Activates bacterial decomposition	
c.	Minimizes loss of soluble cytoplasmic components	d. Stabilizes tissue for further processing and treatment	
11. W	11. Which of the following is not a decalcifying agent?		
	a. Hydrochloric acid	b. Formic acid	
c.	c. Formaldehyde	d. Nitric acid	
12. W	12. Which of the following is a cytological fixative.		
a	a. Bouin's fluid	b. Clarke's fluid	
C.	c. Helly's fluid	d. Zenker's fluid -	
13. W	Which of the following is not a dehydra	ating agent?	
	a. Acetone	b. Gelatin	
c.	c. Dioxane	d. Ethylene Glycol	
14. V	14. Which of the following is not an embedding medium?		
	a. Paraffin wax	b. Agar gel	
c.	c. Cedarwood Oil	d. Epoxy resin	
15. A	Accentuators are the group of substance	es that help to	
20. 7.	Increase the staining intensity of	. Decrease the staining intensity of the	
a	the dye.	b. dye.	
C.	c. Both of these	d. None of these	
16. W	16. What is used for the preparation of tissue block?		
	a. Formalin	b. Xylene	
	c. Paraffin	d. Ethyl alcohol	
	What is the full form of QC?	•	
	a. Quality Centre	b. Quality Control	
	c. Quantity Control	d. Quantity Centre	
	Which of the following errors can happ		
	a. Grossing	b. Staining	
	c. Microscopic examination	d. Typing of report	
	19. Which type of microtome is used for the cutting tissue for frozen sample.		
	a. Base sledge microtome	b. Cryomicrotome	
	c. Rocking microtome	d. Ultramicrotome	
		r large tissue sample or the hard tissue.	
	a. Base sledge microtomec. Rocking microtome	b. Cryomicrotome d. Ultramicrotome	
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USTM/COE/R-01

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(<u>Descriptive</u>)

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

Time: 2 hrs. 30 min.

Describe the Respiratory system. Draw diagrams wherever necessary
 Define fixation. What are the types of fixatives. Write the aims and effects of fixation. Describe the reagents employed as fixatives.
 Explain the types of dye and the factors influencing staining.
 Draw a labelled diagram and explain the alimentary system.
 Draw a labelled diagram and explain the alimentary system.

- 5. Write a short note on cell structure and organelles. Describe the cell cycle.
- 6. Define microtome and describe the types of microtomes?
- 7. Define decalcification and explain in detail the methods of decalcification and the end point determination of decalcification.
- 8. Describe the various types of microtome knife based on shape of 6+4=10 the knife edge. Write a short note on honing and stopping.

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Marks: 50