

**MA GEOGRAPHY
SECOND SEMESTER
RURAL & URBAN GEOGRAPHY
MGE-203**

Duration: 3 Hrs.

Marks: 70

{ Part : A (Objective) = 20 }
{ Part : B (Descriptive) = 50 }

[PART-B:Descriptive]

Duration: 2 Hrs. 40 Mins.

Marks: 50

[Answer question no. One (1) & any four (4) from the rest.]

1. Describe the approaches to rural development. (10)
2. Describe the basic infrastructures for rural development. (10)
3. Elucidate the concept of Central Place and discuss elaborately Christaller's contribution to the concept with appropriate diagram? Do you think that central place theory is applicable in India? Justify your answer if it's yes/no. (7+3=10)
4. Put forward a comparative explanation of the Sector theory by H. Hoyt and the Multiple Nuclei theory given by Harris and Ullman with appropriate diagrams. (6+4=10)
5. Define Urban geography. Explain its scope with support of proper diagram. (10)
6. Explain characteristics of cities in different historical periods. Give support of proper examples. (7+3=10)
7. Define Poverty. Describe the causes and remedies of poverty. (2+4+4=10)
8. What do you mean by slum? Describe the causes and remedies of slum. (2+4+4=10)

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[PART-A:Objective]

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1X20=20

1. According to _____, rural development means, "A strategy designed to improve the economic and social life of the people".
 a. World Bank
 b. Reserve Bank of India
 c. NABARD
 d. Asian Bank
2. 'Participation does not refer simply to voting.....[but] requires that individuals have a voice in the decisions that affect them'-Who says the statement?
 a. Joseph Clinton
 b. Joseph Stiglitz
 c. Mahatma Gandhi
 d. APJ Abdul Kalam
3. Full form of WCARRD is:
 a. World Conference on Agrarian Reform and Rural Development
 b. World Conference on Agriculture Reform and Rural Development
 c. World Convention on Agrarian Reform and Rural Development
 d. World Convention on Agriculture Reform and Rural Development
4. Panchayati Raj system introduced in India through:
 a. 71st Amendment of the Indian Constitution
 b. 72nd Amendment of the Indian Constitution
 c. 73rd Amendment of the Indian Constitution
 d. 74th Amendment of the Indian Constitution
5. Nagpur is known as:
 a. The City of Joy
 b. The Garden City
 c. The Golden City
 d. The Orange City
6. The most vulnerable social groups for poverty are:
 a. Scheduled Tribes
 b. Urban Casual Labourers
 c. Rural Agricultural Labourers
 d. Scheduled Castes

7. Which of the following is not considered as a social indicator of poverty?
 a. Less no. of means of transport
 b. Illiteracy level
 c. Lack of access to health care
 d. Lack of job opportunities
8. Which of the following is not a valid reason for the poverty alleviation programme in India?
 a. Lack of proper implementation
 b. Lack of right targeting
 c. Corruption at the highest level
 d. Overlapping of schemes
9. Which one of these is not a cause of poverty in India?
 a. Low level of economic development
 b. Migration of people from rural to urban India
 c. Income inequalities
 d. Unequal distribution of land
10. By which year governments are aiming to meet the Millennium Development Goals including halving the rate of global poverty?
 a. 2011
 b. 2015
 c. 2045
 d. 2035
11. Umland of a city is
 a. Surrounding area
 b. Far-off area
 c. Surrounding served area
 d. None of the above
12. Baghdad was built in:
 a. 17th century
 b. 8th century
 c. 6th to 15th century
 d. 6th century
13. The early civilization are found in:
 a. The coastal tracts
 b. The places near markets
 c. The fertile alluvial river valleys
 d. The mountain side
14. Heavily populated urban informal settlement characterized by substandard housing and squalor is called.....
 a. Poverty population
 b. Deprived population
 c. Slums population
 d. Backward population

15. Which is regarded as the most important factor affecting the settlements of human locations?

- a. Climate
 b. Relief
 c. Water
 d. Food

16. Arousseau classified towns into..... classes in.....

- a. Three,1923
 b. Seven,1921
 c. Six,1921
 d. Five,1923

17. Chauncy D. Harris classified towns based on:

- a. Multifunctional character
 b. Dominant function
 c. Quantitatively dominant function
 d. Production towns

18. Howard Nelson usedtechnique for his classification.

- a. Measures of Central Tendency
 b. Co-relation
 c. Standard deviation
 d. Quartile deviation

19. Duncan & Reiss revised Harri's classification by using:

- a. Decile group
 b. Quantile group
 c. Super decile group
 d. Super decile & quantile group

20. Match the following:

List I	List II
A. Ancient cities	1. Athens
B. Classical cities	2. Vanice
C. Medieval cities	3. Hwangho
D. Neo-classical cities	4. Taxasila

Codes: A B C D

a.	3	1	4	2
b.	1	2	3	4
c.	2	3	4	1
d.	4	2	3	1

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UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, MEGHALAYA



Question Paper CUM Answer Sheet

[PART (A) : OBJECTIVE]

Serial no. of the main
Answer sheet

Course :

Semester : Roll No :

Enrollment No : Course code :

Course Title :

Session : 2016-17 Date :

Instructions / Guidelines

- > The paper contains twenty (20) / ten (10) questions.
- > The student shall write the answer in the box where it is provided.
- > The student shall not overwrite / erase any answer and no mark shall be given for such act.
- > Hand over the question paper cum answer sheet (Objective) within the allotted time (20 minutes / 10 minutes) to the invigilator.

Full Marks	Marks Obtained	Remarks
20		

Scrutinizer's Signature

Examiner's Signature

Invigilator's Signature