2024/07

BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION FIFTH SEMESTER [SPECIAL REPEAT] RETAIL MANAGEMENT BBA – 502A



[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Du	ration: 3 hrs.		Full Marks: 70
Tin	ne: 30 mins.	tiv	Marks: 20
C	hoose the correct answer from the follo	owir	ig: 1×20=20
1.	Retailer is a person who sells the goods in a. large quantities c. both a & b	b.	small quantities none of these
2.	The main objective of retail management is a. Profitability c. return on investment	b.	
3.	A retailer's is the key to its a. location c. pricing system	abil	
4.	A store that stocks particular type of merch a. Convenience c. Departmental	and b.	
5.	Which activity is/activities are performed la. assortment of offerings c. extending services	b.	ne retailers? holding stock all of these
6.	Which of these segments typically would b a. People who have interest in purchasing c. People who have decided to purchase	b.	Plargest segments? People who have acted on their purchase decisions People who are aware of the product
7.	Retailers offering products in smaller quant and household's consumption patterns is k a. Visual Merchandising c. Breaking Bulk	tities now b.	stailored to individual consumer's
8.	Market for automobiles needs to be segmental. Buying behaviour b) Psychographics c) Geographic d) Demographics Choose the most appropriate answer from a. a and d only	nted	on the basis of:

c. a, b and d only

d. a, b, c and d

9.	The most important retail marketing de a. Select the product assortment c. Choose the desired service level	Ь	a retailer has to make is to: . Identify its target market . Develop an effective store atmosphere
10.	Which among the following is a process impression in the customers' mind? a. Market segmentation c. Positioning	b	anging a product to create a unique Target marketing Global marketing
11.	Two or more complementary products a. Bundle pricing c. Full cost pricing	b	together at a single price is known as: Transfer pricing Going rate pricing
12.	In market skimming, the pricing stratega. Initially the price is lower, then it is reducedc. Initial price is high and then it is maintained high	ь	ch that: Initially the price is higher, then it is reduced Both b and d
13.	Out of the following, which is not an ob a. Profit		of pricing? Stabilizing demand and sales of the product
	c. Improvement in product quality	d	Expansion of business
14.	Which type of retailers involve in comp combined with the reduced cost of doin a. Convenience stores c. Limited line retailers	g busii b	ly low prices as a major selling point ness? Discount retailers Departmental stores
15.	In principle, all goods and services are va.a. Market pricec. Production volume	b	at that is inclusive of all taxes. Sales volume Consumer preference
16.	This type of consumer buys without mua. Shopping as a funce. Loyalty style of shopping	b	lysis or information: Pleasure oriented activity Impulsive style
17.	Which is last stage in Consumer Buying a. Need Recognitionc. Post Purchase	b	ss? Evaluation Information Search
18.	Which of these is not a part of consume a. Gather information c. Agonize	b	ion making process? Pleasure oriented activity Evaluate the results
19.	This style refers to a small section of connew products and new variants of exist a. Novelty oriented style c. Impulsive style	ing pro	rs who want to try and experiment with oducts: Consider the consequences Quality oriented style
		[2]	USTM/COE/R-01

20.	involves a U. S. A	
	involves a limited search by consur	umer before taking decision
	a. Extended problem solving	b. Nominal customer decision making
	Habitual customer decision making	d. Limited customer problem solving

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[Descriptive]

Ti	me : 2 Hr. 30 Mins.	Marks: 50			
	[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]				
1.	Discuss the various functions of retailing.	10			
2.	 As a distribution sales manager working in a big FMCG firm that deals in multiple product lines, describe the various options of retailing channels or types that are available for delivering your products to the consumers. 				
3.	Discuss about the STP model of marketing strategy.	10			
4.	As a store manager of a big retail player in the market, what are the duties and responsibilities that you need to perform in order to function effectively and sustain?				
5.	 a) Describe the various pricing policies that can be adopted by marketers. 	the 5+5=10			
	b) What are the characteristics that represent retailing?				
6.	a) Explain briefly the different kinds of market structures.b) As a new retailing business, what are the ways or strategies that would adopt to enter into a new market and increase your sales				
7.	a) Describe the factors that influence retail consumers' decision or their buying behaviour.b) What are the different types of retail consumers and how can you attract them as a retailer?	5+5=10 ou			
8.	a) State the customer decision making process.b) What are the types of consumer decision making?	5+5=10			

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