

**BA POLITICAL SCIENCE
FIRST SEMESTER [SPECIAL REPEAT]
INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY-I
BSO - 101 [GENERIC ELECTIVE]
[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]**

**SET
A**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

(PART-A: Objective)

Marks: 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1 × 20 = 20

1. The term 'Sociology' was coined in
 - a. 1889
 - b. 1883
 - c. 1898
 - d. 1838
2. ____ groups stand in between primary groups and secondary groups.
 - a. Quasi group
 - b. Reference group
 - c. In group
 - d. Out group
3. The subject matter of Sociology is more close to
 - a. Psychology
 - b. Economics
 - c. Anthropology
 - d. History
4. Who coined the term 'reference group'?
 - a. W G Sumner
 - b. Horton and Hunt
 - c. Herbert Hyman
 - d. None of the above
5. Which of the following is/are social factors of emergence of sociology as a discipline?
 - (a) Feminism
 - (b) Growth of science
 - a. Only a
 - b. Only b
 - c. Both a and b
 - d. None of the above
6. Affinal relatives are related by
 - a. Descent
 - b. Marriage
 - c. Fictive kinship
 - d. None of the above
7. Sociological ____ allows people to see the relationship between their personal experiences and broader social and historical events.
 - a. Consciousness
 - b. Imagination
 - c. Perspective
 - d. Theory
8. The process through which culture is transmitted from generation to generation is known as
 - a. Acculturation
 - b. Schooling
 - c. Socialization
 - d. None of the above
9. Migration is an example of which of the following factors of social change?
 - a. Demographic factor
 - b. Ideational factor
 - c. Economic factor
 - d. Cultural factor

10. An upward shift in social class is known as
 - a. Upward mobility
 - b. Downward mobility
 - c. Social class
 - d. Social mobility
11. Which of the following is true about a community but not of institution?
 - a. It does not indicate procedures
 - b. It indicates procedures
 - c. It deals with one aspect of social life
 - d. It grows with the passage of time
12. Who propounded the idea of 'cultural lag'?
 - a. Risley
 - b. Ogburn
 - c. Horton and Hunt
 - d. Maclver
13. Gesellschaft is
 - a. Association
 - b. Community
 - c. Institution
 - d. Corporation
14. Which group plays an influential role during adolescence?
 - a. Out group
 - b. Occupational group
 - c. Religious group
 - d. Peer group
15. Knowledge is an example of _____ culture.
 - a. Material culture
 - b. Non material culture
 - c. Explicit culture
 - d. None of the above
16. Which of the following is not a form of marriage?
 - a. Incest taboo
 - b. Polygamy
 - c. Monogamy
 - d. Polygyny
17. A family that one is born into is
 - a. Family of orientation
 - b. Family of procreation
 - c. Family of origin
 - d. None of the above
18. Social mobility is more prevalent in
 - a. Class system
 - b. Caste system
 - c. Estate system
 - d. None of the above
19. The division of society into categories, classes is known as
 - a. Social group
 - b. Social statuses
 - c. Social stratification
 - d. Social category
20. Who gave the different types of authority?
 - a. Hobbes
 - b. Locke
 - c. Weber
 - d. Marx

(PART-B : Descriptive)

Time : 2hrs 30 mins.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

- | | |
|---|----------|
| 1. Discuss the social factors that led to the emergence of Sociology as a discipline. | 10 |
| 2. Define social groups. Explain the difference between primary and secondary groups. | 2+8=10 |
| 3. Discuss the relationship of Sociology with History and Anthropology. | 5+5=10 |
| 4. What is socialization? Explain the various agencies of socialization. | 2+8=10 |
| 5. Define social control. Discuss the various agencies of social control. | 2+8=10 |
| 6. What is social mobility? Explain upward mobility and downward mobility using examples. | 2+4+4=10 |
| 7. What is social stratification? Explain the various factors of social stratification. | 2+8=10 |
| 8. Write short notes on:
(a) Community and association
(b) Types of authority | 5+5=10 |

== ** ==