

BA LLB  
SIXTH SEMESTER  
LAW OF CRIMES- II(Cr.P.C.)  
BLB - 603  
[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

**SET  
B**

Duration: 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

Time: 30 min.

( Objective )

Marks: 20

*Choose the correct answer from the following:*

*1 × 20 = 20*

1. The Court which has the power to issue search warrants
  - a. The Supreme Court
  - b. High Court
  - c. District Court
  - d. Magistrate Court
2. A Summary is
  - a. For Speedy disposal of cases
  - b. To follow a lengthy procedure
  - c. For a complicated case
  - d. None of the above
3. Doctrine of Double Jeopardy is provided in the Constitution of India under
  - a. Article 15
  - b. Article 21
  - c. Article 20(2)
  - d. Article 23
4. The First Information Report
  - a. Cannot be Vague and indefinite
  - b. Can be given by any person
  - c. Both a) and b)
  - d. None of the above
5. The Judge of the Session Court is appointed by
  - a. The High Court
  - b. Central Government
  - c. State Government
  - d. All the above
6. Which one is the requisite for a valid warrant ?
  - a. It should not be in writing
  - b. Offence should not be mentioned
  - c. It must bear the seal of the court
  - d. None of the above
7. Which court could pass death sentence ?
  - a. Chief Judicial Magistrate
  - b. The High Court
  - c. First Class Magistrate
  - d. Second Class Magistrate
8. Who can arrest an offender ?
  - a. Police officer
  - b. Magistrate
  - c. Private person
  - d. All the above
9. Warrant case means an offence
  - a. Punishable with imprisonment for life
  - b. Punishable with death
  - c. Imprisonment for a term exceeding 2 years
  - d. All of the Above

10. Which of the following is not correct about FIR ?
- It may be oral
  - Copy of FIR to be given after payment only
  - Copy to be given to the informant
  - None of the above
11. When a court does not issue a Search Warrant ?
- To produce a document
  - To seize any genuine publication
  - To discover a wrongfully confined person
  - To search a suspected house
12. Warrant cases are punishable for a period
- Below 2 years
  - More than 2 years
  - Only 1 year
  - None of the above
13. A case in which a police officer may arrest without warrant is called
- Non cognizable offence
  - Compoundable Offence
  - Cognizable offence
  - None of the above
14. The persons entitled to maintenance under criminal law are
- Wife
  - Parents
  - Children
  - All of the above
15. The Final Report or Charge sheet contains
- Names of parties
  - Nature of information
  - Accused has been arrested or not
  - All of the above
16. The sources through which an offence may come to the knowledge of a magistrate
- Complaint
  - Report of a police officer
  - Own knowledge
  - All the above
17. The First step in the criminal justice process is
- Filing a police complaint
  - Arresting suspect
  - Investigation
  - Conducting trial
18. The Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita abolished the Court of
- Chief Judicial Magistrate
  - Judicial Magistrate First Class
  - Metropolitan Magistrate
  - Session Judge
19. Who appoints Public Prosecutor for the High Court ?
- The State Government
  - The Central Government
  - Both a) and b)
  - Only b)
20. When is a private person bound to give information to Magistrate or police officer ?
- Unlawful assembly and riot
  - House Trespass to commit offence
  - Offences against State
  - All the above

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**(Descriptive)**

Time : 2 hrs. 30 min.

Marks : 50

*[ Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest ]*

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| 1. What is offence? Discuss different types of offences under the Criminal Procedure Code.   | 2+8=10 |
| 2. Elucidate the classification and powers of various criminal courts to pass sentences according to the Code of Criminal Procedure. | 10     |
| 3. Define investigation. Distinguish between Inquiry and investigation.  | 3+7=10 |
| 4. What is Summons Case? Find the differences between Summons Case and Warrant Case.   | 2+8=10 |
| 5. Write an exclusive note on provision of maintenance of wife, children and parents under the Code of Criminal Procedure.           | 10     |
| 6. Write Short Notes:<br>a. Bail<br>b. Charges   | 5+5=10 |
| 7. Discuss the procedure of trial before a Magistrate.   | 10     |
| 8. Who is a Public Prosecutor? Discuss the main role of Public Prosecutor.   | 2+8=10 |

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