REV-01 BLB/01/05

2024/06

BALLB FOURTH SEMESTER CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-II BLB-405H, [REPEAT]

SET A

Duration: 3 hrs.

[USE OMR FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Objective)

Time: 30 min.

Marks: 20

Full Marks: 70

Choose the correct answer from the following:

 $1 \times 20 = 20$

- 1. The duration of an ordinance issued by the President of India is
 - a. 6months

b. 6 weeks from the date of assembly of the Parliament

c. 1 year

- d. Both (a) and (b)
- 2. The ex-officio chairman of the Council of states is
 - a. Speaker

- b. Vice-President
- c. Deputy Speaker

- d. Deputy Chairman
- 3. Who was the chairman of the Constitution Drafting Committee
 - a. Jawaharlal Nehru
- b. Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- c. Sadar Vallabbhai Patel
- d. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
- 4. The members of the Council of states in India is elected for a period of
 - a. 4 years

b. 5 years

c. 6 years

- d. Life term
- 5. Who promulgates ordinance in states
 - a. Governor

b. Chief Minister

c. Chief Justice

- d. President
- 6. Article 32 stands suspended during an emergency under Article
 - a. Article 352

b. Article 356

c. Article 360

- d. Article 362
- 7. Which article of the constitution of India empower the President to take over the administration of a state on the basis of failure of constitutional machinery
 - a. Article 365

b. Article 360

c. Article 352

- d. Article 356
- 8. The executive power in India is actually exercised by
 - a. Speaker

- b. President
- c. Council of Minister
- d. Parliament

9.	The President of India is elected by a. Elected members of both Houses of Parliament b. Members of both Houses of Parliament c. Elected members of both Houses of Parliament and state legislative assemblies d. Elected members of both Houses of Parliament and both Houses of the state legislatures	
10.	The members of the Council of Ministe a. Judiciary c. Council of States	rs are collectively responsible to- b. House of the People d. The President
11.	In the Indian federal system, residuary a. Local Government c. Judiciary	powers rest with the- b. State Government d. Parliament
12.	The procedure for amending the Const. a. Article 368 c. Article 367	itution is in b. Article 360 d. Article 371
13.	Finance Commission is constituted ever a. President c. Union Council of Ministers	ry 5 years by the- b. Parliament d. Speaker
14.	The Union Government gives grants-in the- a. Planning Commission c. Finance Commission	aid to the states on the recommendations ofb. National Integration Councild. National Development Council
15.	The High Court in India do not possess a. Original Jurisdiction c. Appellate Jurisdiction	
16.	Judge of the Supreme Court can be rem a. Executive order c. Bureaucracy	oved from offices by- b. Judicial order d. Impeachment
17.	The power of the President to consult that. Article 132 c. Article 136	ne Supreme Court is under Article- b. Article 143 d. Article 141
18.	Minimum age required to contest for Pr a. 23 years c. 35 years	residentship is- b. 25 years d. 30 years
19.	The President can proclaim a state of emergency in case of- a. Threat to financial stability of the country. External aggression or internal disturbances threatening the security of the country. c. Failure of Constitutional machinery in a particular state. d. All of the above	

20. Judges of the High Court are appointed by the
a. Chief Justice of the High Court
b. Governor
c. President
d. Chief Justice of India

<u>Descriptive</u>

Time: 2 hrs. 30 min. Marks: 50 [Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest] 1. Discuss the legislative process of the Parliament in India. 10 Explain the different stages in detail. 10 2. Write a note on the powers and function of the Union Cabinet. Also discuss the role played by the Prime Minister in the Parliamentary form of government 3. Discuss the various types of Appellate jurisdiction of the 10 Supreme Court of India. 4. Write an essay on the need for Independence of Judiciary in a 10 democratic country. 5. Discuss the distribution of legislative relation between centre 10 and state in India. Also mention the relevance of the Seventh schedule of the Constitution of India in the same. 6. Discuss the amendment process of the Constitution of India in 10 detail. 7. Write and essay on the emergency provisions as provided by the 10 Constitution of India also discuss the effect of the same. 8. Write short note on-5+5=10 a. Freedom of trade, commerce and Intercourse b. Services under Union and state