REV-01 BSB/02/08

B.Sc. BOTANY FIFTH SEMESTER [SPECIAL REPEAT] PLANT BREEDING BSB-504

[USE OMR SHEET FOR OBJECTIVE PART]

Duration: 3 hrs.

Time: 30 mins.

Objective

Full Marks: 70

Marks: 20 $1 \times 20 = 20$

2024/07

SET

Choose the correct answer from the following:

To keep materials in isolation to prevent the spread of diseases, etc. present in them to other materials is known as:

- a. Segregation
- c. Isolation

- b. Quarantine
- d. Composite Which of the following chemicals induces polyploidy in plants?
 - a. Colchicine

b. Formaline

c. 5-Bromouracil

- d. Saffranine
- 3. The first man-made cereal 'Triticale' has been developed from a cross between:
 - a. Wheat and Oat

b. Wheat and Maize

c. Maize and Rice

- d. Wheat and Rye
- 4. Euploidy is a chromosomal variation in.....
 - a. Size

b. Position of genes

c. Number

- d. Structure
-aims to improve the various characteristics of plants so that they become more desirable agronomically and economically.
 - a. Plant tissue culture
- b. Hybridization

c. Crossing over

- d. Plant breeding
- 6. Which of the following will be sterile?
 - a. Monoploid

b. Diploid

c. Triploid

- d. Tetraploid
- 7. An Agricultural Research Institute was established in Pusa in:
 - a. 1902

b. 1904

c. 1905

- d. 1906
- 8. Which of the following bacterium is considered as "a natural genetic engineer"
 - a. Agrobacterium tumefaciens
- b. Agrobacterium radiobactor
- c. Pseudomonas putida
- d. Thermus aquaticus
- Which of the following have been developed by mutation?
 - a. Knol knol variety of castor
- b. Aruna variety of Barley d. Reimei variety of rice
- c. Erectiferum variety of cabbage
- 10. Father of Indian Green Revolution:
 - a. M.S. Swaminathan c. Gregor Mendal
- b. Norman Borlaug
- d. Hardy Weinburg

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11.	The quickest method of plant breeding is: a. Introduction c. Hybridisation		Selection Mutation Breeding
12.	 Which is true about heterosis? a. Superiority of an F1 hybrid over its male parent c. Superiority of an F1 hybrid over both of its parents 		Superiority of an F1 hybrid over its female parent None of the above
13.	Who used the term heterosis for the first time. Shull c. Thomas Andrew Knight	b.	Keith Downey Niels Ebbesen Hansen
14.	is when an organism is created wita. Aneuploidy c. Polyploidy	b.	n abnormal number of chromosomes Diploid Haploid
15.	Inbreeding increases the frequency of: a. Homozygous c. Genetic diversity		Heterozygous Genetic linkage
16.	Non-disjunction means: a. Failure of homologous chromosomes to separate properly during cell division c. Failure of formation of centromere		Failure of formation of chromosome
17.	Which of the following is not ionizing radia		
	a. X rays c. Cosmic rays	b.	UV rays Alpha rays
18.	Green revolution aims at: a. Use of green manure c. High yield variety programme		Grow more crops All the above
19.	Semi dwarf rice variety IR8 was developed a. India c. China	b.	Taiwan Philippines
20.	Which of the following statements are true gene transfer?		
	a. Vir genes are essential for gene transfer	b.	T-DNA borders are essential for gentransfer
	c. Both a and b	d.	None of the above

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$\left(\underline{Descriptive}\right)$

Time: 2 hr. 30 mins.				
	[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]			
1.	What is hybridization? Describe in brief the various steps involved in hybridization.	2+8=10		
2.	Give a list of central institutes for crop improvement. Briefly describe the organisation and functions of any two of the ICAR institutes.	2+4+4=10		
3.	What is Ploidy? Discuss the different types of Ploidy. Highlight the role of Polyploidy in crop improvement and evolution with special reference to wheat.	1+4+5=10		
4.	Define heterosis. Discuss the different types of heterosis.	2+8=10		
5.	Describe the process of Agrobacterium tumefaciens mediated gene transfer with necessary diagrams of Ti-plasmid.	8+2=10		
6.	Outlined a generalised procedure for mutatuion breeding with special reference to oligogenic characters.	10		
7.	Explain Johannsen's pureline theory. Briefly describe the procedure for pureline selection.	6+4=10		
8.	What are the factors affecting seed germination? Discuss seed viability test of seed testing technique.	4+6=10		