

**MA EDUCATION
FOURTH SEMESTER
ABNORMAL PSYCHOLOGY
MAE-404 A**

(Use separate answer scripts for Objective & Descriptive)

Duration : 3 hrs.

Full Marks : 70

Time : 20 min.

[PART-A : Objective]

Marks : 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1x20=20

1. External aggression is an example of:
a. Simple reaction
b. Violent reaction
c. Simple conflict
d. None of the above
2. The term phobia comes from:
a. Greek word
b. Latin word
c. German word
d. All of the above
3. _____schizophrenia involves very disturbed motor behavior.
a. Paranoid
b. Catatonic
c. Residual
d. Disorganized
4. A young man may experience a conflict in choosing two equally qualified, beautiful and respectable girls for marriage _____ is an example of:
a. An approach-approach conflict
b. An avoidance-avoidance conflict
c. An approach-avoidant conflict
d. All of the above
5. Difficulty in an academic area is a major problem in:
a. Learning disability
b. Learning disorder
c. Learning difficulty
d. All of the above
6. Hyperactivity is associated with which of the following?
a. ASD
b. Intellectual disability
c. ADHD
d. Phobia
7. Which among the following is not a characteristic of a well adjusted person?
a. Awareness of one strength
b. Ability to attract
c. Flexible in his/her behavior
d. Realistic perception of the world
8. Inability to read refers to:
a. Dyslexia
b. Dyscalculia
c. Dysgraphia
d. None of the above
9. Washing one's hand again and again is a symptom of:
a. Obsessive-compulsive neurosis
b. Depressive neurosis
c. Phobia
d. Anxiety neurosis
10. Impulsivity refers to:
a. Lack of persistence
b. Excessively fidget
c. Making hasty actions without proper thinking
d. Difficulty in focusing

11. Abnormal psychology studying about:
 - a. All human behaviour
 - b. Abnormal personalities
 - c. Psycho-physical condition of a person
 - d. All of these
12. The main aspects of adjustment:
 - a. Health adjustment
 - b. Social adjustment
 - c. Home adjustment
 - d. All of these
13. Mental deficiency is categorized into..... forms.
 - a. Three
 - b. Four
 - c. Two
 - d. Five
14. A single symptom may appear indisorder.
 - a. Single
 - b. Many
 - c. Both a and b
 - d. None of these
15. Emotional symptoms include:
 - a. Elation and depression
 - b. Constant repetition of the same act
 - c. Disorder
 - d. All of these
16. According to E.M. Jellinek (1971), an authority on alcoholism, there are phases in the development of alcoholism.
 - a. Two
 - b. Four
 - c. Three
 - d. Five
17. is a treatment of alcoholism.
 - a. Medication
 - b. Training
 - c. Institutionalisation and hospitalization
 - d. All of these
18. Abnormal's behavior are:
 - a. Those behaviors provoking maladjustment.
 - b. Those behaviors with symptoms of maladjustment.
 - c. Those behaviors resulting from maladjustment.
 - d. All of these.
19. Sedative drugs diminish the responses of:
 - a. Physical activities
 - b. Appetite and weight
 - c. Brain and nervous system
 - d. Muscular activity
20. Effect of alcoholism:
 - a. Psycho-physiological damage
 - b. Sociological damage
 - c. Both a and b
 - d. None of these

(PART-B : Descriptive)

Time : 2 hrs. 40 min.

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.1 & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Who is an abnormal person? Discuss the main forms of abnormality. 10
2. Discuss the internal factors of frustration. And also suggest some of the simple reaction in terms of frustration. 5+5=10
3. Write down the symptoms and causes of anxiety disorder. 5+5=10
4. Explain the symptoms of learning disorder. How are learning disorders diagnosed? 6+4=10
5. Write a note on schizophrenia? Mention its type. 5+5=10
6.
 - a. What do you mean by symptoms? 4+6=10
 - b. Discuss about the two main symptoms of abnormal behavior.
7.
 - a. Discuss the four phases of alcoholism. 5+5=10
 - b. What are its effects?
8.
 - a. What are the main causes of drug addiction? 5+5=10
 - b. How to prevent and treatment of drug addiction?

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